

# **TOSHIBA** STUDIO5540c/6540c/6550c

# MULTIFUNCTIONAL DIGITAL SYSTEMS Security Target

Version 1.1

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# 1. ST INTRODUCTION

The Security Target (ST) applies to complete Multifunction Peripheral (MFP) that includes the entire hardware and software components that provide the functionality for printing and scanning documents over the network, through email and on the MFP; and document storage and retrieval. The ST complies with IEEE Std 2600.1 Protection Profile for Operation Environment A which is in compliance with the *Common Criteria for Information Technology Security Evaluation, Version 3.1 release 3* 

#### **1.1. Security Target Reference**

The details are as follows:

Title	TOSHIBA e-STUDIO5540C/6540C/6550C MULTIFUNCTIONAL DIGITAL SYSTEMS Security Target
Version	1.1
Author	TOSHIBA TEC CORPORATION
Publication Date	October 13, 2011

#### **1.2. TOE Reference**

Following are the details of the TOE Reference:

TOE Name	TOSHIBA e-STUDIO5540C/6540C/6550C MULTIFUNCTIONAL DIGITAL
	SYSTEMS
TOE Version Number	SYS V1.0
Developer Name	TOSHIBA TEC CORPORATION

#### **1.3. TOE Overview**

The Security Target provides the requirements for the **TOSHIBA e-STUDIO5540C/6540C/6550C MULTIFUCTINAL DIGITAL SYSTEMS** Target of Evaluation (TOE) for IEEE Std 2600.1 Protection Profile for Operational Environment A.

Operational Environment A is generally characterized as a restrictive commercial information processing environment in which a relatively high level of document security, operational accountability, and information assurance, are required. Typical information processed in this environment is trade secret, mission-critical, or subject to legal and regulatory considerations such as for privacy or governance. This environment is not intended to support life-critical or national security applications.

The Security Target provides the requirements for the Toshiba MFP Target of Evaluation (TOE) for IEEE Std2600.1 Protection Profile for Operational Environment A.

#### 1.3.1. Usage and Major Security Features of the TOE

The TOE is mainly used to perform the following functions:

- Copy function
- Print function
- Scan function
- Internet Fax function
- e-Filing function

The TOE provides the following security features:

- User Authentication
- User Access Control
- Data Encryption
- · Audit Data Generation and Review
- Secure Erase
- Secure Channel
- TSF Self Protection
- TSF Data Protection

The TOE is the MFP and implements the TOE Security Functions of User Authentication for MFP, Data Encryption, and Device Configuration Protection. It provides Role Based Access Control (RBAC) where users can



be assigned various roles and thus restricted to specific permissions on TOE assets. The TOE provides residual data protection using secure erase of user documents. In addition, it provides support for network security protocols such as SSL/TLS, IPPs and maintains an audit log where the key events are recorded and whose integrity and confidentiality are assured. The TOE also executes the integrity test and restricts TSF data management to the permitted roles.

#### **1.3.2. TOE** Type

The TOE is a Multifunction Systems that works in a network environment and provides capabilities of print, copy, and scan.

#### 1.3.3. Environment Assumptions

The TOE is assumed to be used as an IT product at general office, user clients, and the internal network protected from threats on the external network by firewall etc.

Necessary security functions work by setting it in a high security mode at the time of setup of TOE. For executing Secure Erase, an optional kit, GP-1070(Data Overwrite kit), is required to be purchased.

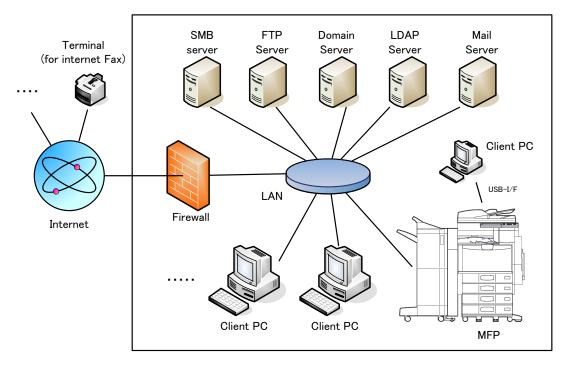


Figure 1 Environment for the usage of the MFP

#### 1.3.4. Required Non-TOE Hardware and Software

Hardware other than the TOE and its operational environment are described below.

#### (1) Client PC

The PC in which a universal OS is installed, and can execute the followings.

The U.NORMAL can request printing of document data through LAN or USB interface to the TOE, and saving and retrieving document data in e-Filing Box by which the U.NORMAL registered. The U.ADMINISTRATOR can refer to or change the setting data in the MFP using the Web browser. The Client PC was evaluated under the following environment.

• OS:

- Windows XP
- Windows Vista
- Browsers:
  - Internet Explorer Ver.8.0



- Client Utility Software:
  - Address Book Viewer Ver.3.2.20.0
  - e-Filing Back Up/Restore Utility Ver.3.2.22.0
  - File Down Loader Ver.3.2.24.0
  - TWAIN Driver Ver.3.2.25.0
  - Printer Driver Ver.6.20.2521.6

#### (2) Mail Sever

The Mail Server is a server which transmits/receives email using POP/SMTP. The TOE and the Mail Server is connected with SSL communication.

#### (3) LDAP Server

When a TOE user is registered to and managed with the LDAP Server, user authentication is executed through the LDAP Server. Connection between the TOE and the LDAP Server must be secure by using SSL. In this document, only internal authentication is supported, and external authentication with the LDAP Server is not supported.

#### (4) Domain Server

It is possible to execute user authentication using the Domain Server on the network which manages the TOE user with the Windows domain. Connection between the TOE and the Domain Server must be secure by using SSL. In this document, only internal authentication is supported, and external authentication with the Domain Server is not supported.

#### (5) SMB Sever

The SMB Server is a server which transmits and receives files between the TOE and the Client PC using the Server Message Block Protocol. It is not guaranteed by the security authentication if the files are managed by being saved in the SMB server.

#### (6) Fire Wall

When internal network accesses the external network, the connection must be made via Fire Wall so as to prevent unauthorized access from the external network.

#### (7) FTP Server

The FTP Server is a server which activates the File Transfer Protocol Server Software.

#### (8) NTP Server

The TOE internal clock has a function to synchronize with the NTP server which is opened to the public. It is not guaranteed by the security authentication if the clock in the MFP is managed by synchronizing with the NTP server.

#### (9) Printer Driver

The Printer Driver is a software which is installed to the computer to enable printing from an application. Advanced print functionalities, such as document layout and page formatting, that cannot be set with an application are supplied.

#### (10) Address Book Viewer

Address Book Viewer is a client software which can manage the email address of the destination.

#### (11) e-Filing Box Backup/Restore Utility

e-Filing Box Backup/Restore Utility can back up or restore e-Filing Box Data (image data/each setup data).

#### (12) TWAIN Driver/File Downloader

TWAIN Driver or File Downloader can retrieve documents stored in e-Filing Box of the MFP into the Client PC through TCP/IP Network.



# **1.4. TOE Description**

This section describes the physical boundary, logical boundary, and functions regarding the e-STUDIO5540C/6540C/6550C.

#### 1.4.1. Physical Boundary

The TOE consists of the following:

Multifunctional Digital System

The TOE does not consist of the following:

- Client side driver modules
- External Authentication Server

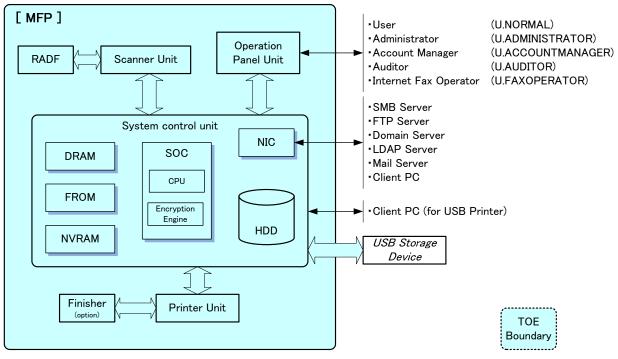


Figure 2 Physical Boundary

#### (1) Operation Panel Unit

The Operation Panel Unit is a user interface by which a U.USER operates the MFP. Hardware construction is operation buttons, LEDs, and LCD with a touch panel. Information from the MFP is displayed on the LCD and each operation such as copy start is executed by communicating with the System Control Unit.

#### (2) Scanner Unit

The Scanner Unit is an input device which scans paper original and transmits the image data to the System Control Unit.

#### (3) RADF (Reverse Auto Document Feeder)

The RADF makes the MFP scan document per page automatically or makes the MFP scan both sides of the original depending on the setting.

#### (4) System Control Unit

The System Control Unit is a unit which achieves each function by controlling the entire MFP.

#### (5) Printer Unit

The Printer Unit is a unit which receives a print request from the System Controller Unit and prints the print data on the paper.



#### (6) Finisher

The Finisher is a paper exit device which automatically sorts or groups papers which are printed and exited from the MFP

#### (7) HDD (Hard Disk Drive)

The HDD is a general hard disk drive. Not only a part of software that controls the MFP, but also image data and document data is stored, and secured asset data is stored in the encrypted partition.

#### (8) FROM (Flash ROM)

The FROM is a nonvolatile memory. A part of software that controls the MFP is stored.

#### (9) NVRAM (NonVolatile RAM)

The NVRAM is a nonvolatile memory. This is a memory device which saves setup values required for controlling the MFP.

#### (10) SoC (System on a Chip)

SoC is a LSI in which a device controller circuit is integrated with a microprocessor at the core. An Encryption Engine is installed inside so that high-speed data encryption and decryption is achieved by the hardware.

#### (11) DRAM (Dynamic Random Access Memory)

The DRAM is a volatile memory. This is a memory which loads and executes a program which controls the MFP.

#### (12) NIC (Network Interface Card)

The NIC is a device for network-connection interface. It supports 10Base-T/100Base-TX/Gigabit Ethernet.

#### (13) USB Storage Device

The USB Storage Device is a Storage Device for versatile USB connection. It is used to save, print, import and export document data of a user. However, the USB Storage Device is not supported by the TOE.

#### 1.4.2. Guidance

The following are the guidance documents for this TOE. However, the guidance is written in both English and Japanese.

Title	Version
Quick Start Guide	OME100044A0
Safety Information	OME100050B0
Copying Guide	OME100046A0
Scanning Guide	OME100062A0
e-Filing Guide	OME100056B0
MFP Management Guide	OME100058A0
Software Installation Guide	OME100052A0
Printing Guide	OME100054A0
TopAccess Guide	OME100060B0
Troubleshooting Guide	OME100048A0
High Security Mode Management Guide	OME100078B0

#### Table 1 English Guidance



Title	Version
かんたん操作ガイド	OMJ100043A0
安全にお使いいただくために	OMJ100049B0
コピーガイド	OMJ100045A0
スキャンガイド	OMJ100061A0
ファイリングボックスガイド	OMJ100055B0
設定管理ガイド	OMJ100057A0
インストールガイド	OMJ100051A0
印刷ガイド	OMJ10005300
TopAccessガイド	OMJ100059B0
トラブルシューティングガイド	OMJ100047A0
ハイセキュリティモード管理ガイド	OMJ100077B0

#### Table 2 Japanese Guidance

#### 1.4.3. Logical Boundary

The logical boundary of TOE is defined by the TOE security function and a general function which are described by the following section.

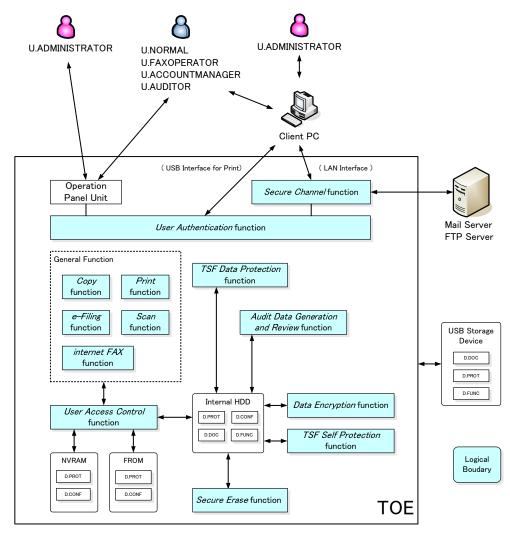


Figure 3 Logical Boundary



#### 1.4.3.1. General Functions

In MFP, a series of function for the office work concerning the image such as copy, print and scan exists as a general function, and TOE performs the core control in the operation of these functions.

#### (1) Copy function

A Copy function is a function to read the original with the scanner and print it out from the printer according to the general user's operation from the operation panel.

#### (2) Print function

A print function is a function to receive the print data from the client PC by LAN or USB Interface, and to print it on paper.

#### (3) Scan function

A scan function is to preserve scan data in internal HDD and to read the preserved data from HDD, and to tell it to a general user client, mail server or FTP server automatically according to information set to MFP reading original data from the scanner unit by the general user's instruction. A general user can demand this function from the operation panel.

#### (4) e-Filing function

The user box is an e-Filing that each user can create. It is suitable for specific users or U.ADMINISTRATOR to store confidential documents. In addition user can operate various functions to the document such as print/edit/manage, etc.

#### (5) Internet Fax function

Internet Fax allows a scanned document to be sent as an e-mail with an attached TIFF-FX (Profile S) file. With Internet Fax, an e-mail address is to be specified in place of a phone number to transmit a scanned document to the Internet Fax equipment or the client computers.

#### 1.4.3.2. Security Functions

The security functions provided by the TOE are as follows:

#### (1) User Authentication

The TOE has a protected feedback function at password entry and a lockout function for a user who failed the authentication. The TOE prompts the user to enter the User ID and password from the control panel or client PC to execute identity authentication.

#### (2) User Access Control

The TOE controls access to the user data and functions that are secured assets to the allowed users.

#### (3) Data Encryption

The TOE encrypts the user's document data which is saved in the internal HDD.

#### (4) Audit Data Generation and Review

The TOE generates audit logs for tracking the state of the TOE at any given instance of time. This is done by logging device events (e.g., print/scan job submission; user authentication; authorization etc.) and mapping them to users (based on local or network login) and a reliable timestamp. All logs are available for viewing only to TOE U.AUDITOR and U.ADMINISTRATOR role. The logs can be transferred in network with SSL for viewing and analysis.

#### (5) Secure Erase

The TOE removes residual data with DoD secure-erase mechanism before releasing resources from HDD of TOE.



#### (6) Secure Channel

The TOE provides support for SSL and is allowed to secure different protocols such as https. The SSL/TLS functionality also permits the TOE to be securely administered from the Web UI, as well as, being used to secure the connection between the TOE and any other external server. The TOE uses SSL to transfer the print job from the client. IPPs is an IPP print service from the printer driver using SSL. The TOE also prevents data inputted from an external interface from being directly transferred to the shared medium interface without TSF processing.

#### (7) TSF Self Protection

The TOE performs integrity tests on its static executables and configuration files using verification of their digital signatures against the known TOSHIBA signatures. This allows the TOE to detect any tampering of its trusted state.

#### (8) TSF Data Protection

Only an administrator role user has the capability to manage the configuration and enable/disable available services and protocols. U.ADMINISTRATOR can modify the TSF data.

#### **1.5. Entity Definitions**

#### 1.5.1. Users

Users are entities that interact with the TOE and are external to the TOE. There are five types of Users: Normal Administrator, Auditor, and Internet Fax operator.

Designation	Definition
U.USER	Any authorized User.
U.NORMAL	A User who is authorized to perform User Document Data processing functions of the TOE. A user who has the roles for CopyOperator, Print, PrintOperator, ScanOperator, Fax, ColorPrintCopyOperator, e-FilingOperator, and User out of the Allocation Roles.
U.ADMINISTRATOR	A User who has been specifically granted the authority to manage some portion or all of the TOE and whose actions may affect the TOE security policy (TSP). Administrators may possess special privileges that provide capabilities to override portions of the TSP. A user who has the Administrator Role out of the Allocation Roles or has the Built-in Administrator Account.
U.ACCOUNTMANAGER	A specially-authorized user who can control the user information. A user who has the AccountManager Role out of the Allocation Roles.
U.AUDITOR	A Special user from a remote location entitled to view and data mine all MFP logs (job, event, etc.) from the network. A user who has the Auditor Role out of the Allocation Role.
U.FAXOPERATOR	A specially-authorized user who can send user documents and print received data using the Internet Fax functions, and can operate print documents or print jobs. A user who has the FaxOperator Role out of the Allocation Roles.

#### Table 3 Users

#### 1.5.2. Objects (Assets)

Objects are passive entities in the TOE, that contain or receive information, and upon which Subjects perform Operations. In this Protection Profile, Objects are equivalent to TOE Assets. There are three types of Objects: User Data, TSF Data, and Functions.

#### 1.5.2.1. User Data

User Data are data created by and for Users and do not affect the operation of the TOE Security Functionality (TSF). This type of data is composed of two objects: User Document Data and User Function Data.



Designation	Definition	Details
D.DOC	User Document Data consist of the information	Copy Documents data
	contained in a user's document. This includes the	Print Documents data
	original document itself in any of hardcopy,	Scan Documents data
	electronic form, image data, or residually stored data	e-Filing Documents data except
	created by the hardcopy device while processing an	stored in Public Folder
	original document and printed hardcopy output.	Residual data after deleting Jobs
D.FUNC	User Function Data are the information about a	Print Hold Queues
	user's document or job to be processed by the TOE.	Address Book data

#### Table 4User Data

#### 1.5.2.2. TSF Data

TSF Data are data created by and for the TOE and that might affect the operation of the TOE. This type of data is composed of two objects: TSF Protected Data and TSF Confidential Data.

Table 5 T	SF Data
-----------	---------

Designation	Definition	Details
D.PROT	TSF Protected Data are assets for which alteration by a ACL Informatic	
	User who is neither an Administrator nor the owner of	Device Security Setting for
	the data would have an effect on the operational security	system
	of the TOE, but for which disclosure is acceptable.	
D.CONF	TSF Confidential Data are an asset for which either	HDD Encryption key
	disclosure or alteration by a user who is neither an	Job Log
	Administrator nor the owner of the data would have an	Message Log
	effect on the operational security of the TOE.	User Password

#### 1.5.2.3. Functions

Functions perform processing, storage, and transmission of data that may be present in TOE. These functions are used by SFR Packages and are identified and defined in Chapter 6.2.

#### 1.5.3. Operations

Operations are a specific type of actions performed by a Subject on an Object. In this Security Target, six types of operations are considered: those that result in disclosure of information (**Read**), those that result in alteration of information (**Create**, **Modify**, **Delete**), those that invoke a function (**Execute**), those that result in transfers to outside (**Export**).

#### 1.5.4. Channels

Channels are the mechanisms through which data can be transferred into and out of the TOE. In this Security Target, four types of Channels are allowed.

#### (1) **Private-medium Interface**

The TOE has Operator Panel and USB interfaces.

#### (2) Shared-medium Interface

The TOE is connected with the internal network accessed by multiple Users.

#### (3) Original Document Handler

Mechanisms for transferring User Document Data into the TOE in hardcopy form. It is an input channel.

#### (4) Hardcopy Output Handler

Mechanisms for transferring User Document Data out of the TOE in hardcopy form. It is an output channel. In practice, at least one input channel and one output channel would be present in any TOE configuration, and at least one of those channels would be either an Original Document Handler or a Hardcopy Output Handler.



#### 1.5.5. Terminology

Table 6 defines the meaning of certain terms.

Torminology	Definition
Terminology User ID	It has been given to the user identifier. TOE is used to identify the person
	by that identifier.
User Password	User's password to log into the TOE.
User Token	The User Token is required to use the security function (SSDK), and is
	generated and managed within the SSDK. The User Token is used to
	check access to objects.
ACL information	ACL information defines the MFP functions that are permitted for use per
T-1. T	Permission Role.
Job Log	The job information such as Print Job, Transmission Journals, Reception Journals and Scan Job
Message Log	Log regarding MFP's device information or operations executed by users.
Device Security Setting for	Cryptography, security settings and network settings.
system	Cryptography, security settings and network settings.
HDD Encryption Key	An encryption key which is used for encryption/decryption of the HDD
	data. The key data is stored in the FROM.
TopAccess	A web-based job and device control tool. The MFP information can be
	retrieved by using this tool through network.
	e-Filing Box operation can be also performed through network.
e-Filing	The location where users save user document data. After saving data,
	users can refer to, print, or edit them with the control panel or the
	TopAccess.
e-Filing Box Password	A password to access e-Filing.
Print Hold Queue	A queue to which a print job waiting for printing is saved temporarily.
Permission	An access right to each operation which is given to the Role.
Address Book	A function which controls the email address information.
Auto logout time	Time to log out when the logged in user does not operate the MFP for a
Count Clear Time	certain period of time. Time to clear the counted number of authentication trials which fails
Count Clear Time	when failed number of authentication trials does not reach the set number
	of times. Specified period of time is set for the count-clear time.
Allowable Number of entry	Number of login trials permitted for failure in the specified period of
for Login Password	time.
Locked-out Account Status	Locked-out status failing in user authentication.
Lockout Time	Time until the locked out account is released.
Date and Time Information	Time information for log management. year/moth/day/hour/min/sec
User Password	Password information for U.ADMINISTRATOR authentication.
(U.ADMINISTRATOR)	
User Password	Password information for U.ACCOUNTMANAGER authentication.
(U.ACCOUNTMANAGER)	A locia accordent for LLAUDITOD and anti-action
User Password (U.AUDITOR)	A login password for U.AUDITOR authentication.
User Password	A login password for U.FAXOPERATOR authentication.
(U.FAXOPERATOR)	
User Password	A login password for U.NORMAL authentication.
(U.NORMAL)	
Role	Shows roles of U.USER. Ex. U.NORMAL, U.ADMINISTRATOR,
	U.AUDITOR, and U.FAXOPERATOR.
Permission Role	Permission Role is attached to the MFP functions, such as F.PRT or
	F.SCN, and used as a security attribute that shows a role which allows the
	use of the MFP functions.
Allocation Role	Allocation Role is attached to the user, and used as a security attribute
	that shows a role which shows the use of the MFP function.

# Table 6 Terminology



Terminology	Definition
Administrator Role	The Administrator Role has the following authority.
	• Authority to use e-Filing Box function.
	• Authority to manage the MFP device setting.
	• Authority to perform the User and Department management setting.
	• Authority to execute query, export and clear in the audit log.
AccountManager Role	A role which has an authority to perform User management setting.
Auditor Role	A role which has an authority to browse the audit log.
CopyOperator Role	A role which has an authority to use monochrome Copy.
ScanOperator Role	The ScanOperator Role has the following authority.
	<ul> <li>Authority to save a scanned or copied image in the USB Storage Device.</li> </ul>
	• Authority to send a scanned image or an image in the e-Filing Box via email.
	• Authority to save a scanned or copied image in an external server, such as the FTP server.
Print Role	A role which has an authority to use the function to print in monochrome from the client PC connected to the LAN or USB-I/F.
PrintOperator Role	A role which has an authority to print/delete a Print JOB in the Print Hold Queue.
e-FilingOperator Role	A role which has an authority to use e-Filing function.
Fax Role	A role which has an authority to use the transmission functions of Internet Fax.
FaxOperator Role	A role which has an authority to use the transmission function of Internet
	Fax and to print the data automatically received via Internet Fax in the Print Hold Queue.
Built-in Administrator Account	An Administrator account which is registered to the MFP beforehand.
User Role	A general user role which can use Print/Scan/Copy/e-Filing functions.
ColorPrintCopyOperator Role	A role which has an authority to use color print and color copy in addition to CopyOperator Role and Print Role authorities.

# 1.6. Trademarks

- · The official name of Windows XP is Microsoft Windows XP Operating System.
- · The official name of Windows Vista is Microsoft Windows Vista Operating System.
- Microsoft, Windows and the brand names and product names of other Microsoft products are trademarks of Microsoft Corporation in the US and other countries.
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# 2. CC CONFORMANCE CLAIM

# 2.1. CC Conformance Claim

The ST and TOE are conformant to the following CC specifications:

Common Criteria version: Version 3.1 Release 3

Part 1: Introduction and general model July 2009 Version 3.1 Revision 3 Final Part 2: Security functional components July 2009 Version 3.1 Revision 3 Final Part 3: Security assurance components July 2009 Version 3.1 Revision 3 Final

ST conformance for CC part2: CC part2 Extend

ST conformance for CC part3: CC part3 Conformant

### 2.2. PP conformance Claim, Package conformance Claim

#### 2.2.1. PP conformance Claim

The ST conforms to following PP.

PP Identification: IEEE Std 2600.1-2009

PP Registration: CCEVS-VR-VID10340-2009

PP Version:	1.0
Date:	June 2009

# 2.2.2. Package conformance Claim

This ST conforms to Common Criteria Evaluation Assurance Level (EAL) 3 augmented by ALC\_FLR.2. SFR Packages conform to PP are as follows.

IEEE Std 2600.1-PRT, SFR Package for Hardcopy Device Print Functions, Operational Environment A (Package Version 1.0, dated June 2009)

IEEE Std 2600.1-SCN, SFR Package for Hardcopy Device Scan Functions, Operational Environment A (Package Version 1.0, dated June 2009)

IEEE Std 2600.1-CPY, SFR Package for Hardcopy Device Copy Functions, Operational Environment A (Package Version 1.0, dated June 2009)

IEEE Std 2600.1-DSR, SFR Package for Hardcopy Device Document Storage and Retrieval Functions, Operational Environment A (Package Version 1.0, dated June 2009)

IEEE Std 2600.1-SMI, SFR Package for Hardcopy Device Shared-medium Interface Functions, Operational Environment A (Package Version 1.0, dated June 2009)

### 2.3. Conformance Rationale

#### 2.3.1. TOE type

TOE is Multifunction Peripheral (MFP) that includes the entire hardware and software components. The TOE provides the printing, scanning, copying, is intended to be used for the Operation Environment A defined in IEEE Std 2600.1. These are described in Chapter 1, 1.3.2 and 1.4 in the ST. Therefore TOE type is equivalent as that of defined in IEEE Std 2600.1.

#### 2.3.2. ST Conformance

The ST conforms to IEEE Std 2600.1 with demonstrate that it is equivalent or more restrictive than the PP which is claiming demonstrable conformance.

This TOE states the SAR which conforms to EAL3 augmented by ALC\_FLR.2 in the ST as requested by PP as for the SAR which is prescribed by PP.

This is explained in more detail as follows:



#### 2.3.2.1. Security Problem Definition

Threat Agents and Threats, Assumptions, and Organizational Security Policies (OSPs) in the ST's environment are more restrictive than those defined in the IEEE Std 2600.1.

The ST's Security Problem Definition described in Chapter 3 is the one to which P.CRYPTOGRAPHY is added to PP's Security Problem Definition. As mentioned in Section 2.3.2.2, the security policy of ST is more restrictive than the security policy of PP. Therefore, ST's Security Problem Definition is more restrictive than PP's Security Problem Definition because all TOE which satisfies ST's Security Problem Definition satisfies PP's Security Problem Definition satisfy ST's Security Problem Definition.

#### 2.3.2.2. Security Objectives

Security Objectives for the TOE and its environment in the ST are more restrictive than those defined in the IEEE Std 2600.1. Because the ST's TOE security policy includes all PP's TOE security policies, O.AUDIT\_STORAGE\_PROTECTED, O.AUDIT\_ACCESS\_AUTHORIZED, and O.CRYPTOGRAPHY in the ST's security policy described in Chapter 4, the TOE described in the ST satisfies PP's TOE security policy. Because the security policy of the operational environment in PP includes all policies of the operational environments in the ST, OE.AUDIT\_STRAGE\_PROTECTED, and OE.AUDIT\_ACCESS.AUTHORIZED, all operational environments which satisfy the security policy of the operational environment in PP satisfy the security policy of the operational environment in this ST. Thus, ST's security policy is more restrictive than PP's security policy.

#### 2.3.2.3. Extended Components Definitions

The extension component definition of the ST is the same as the extension component definition of PP because the extension component definition of the ST described in Chapter 5 refers to the definition of PP as it is.

#### 2.3.2.4. SFR Components Definitions

This TOE selects the SFR described in "10.Common Security Functional Requirements (APE\_REQ)" of PP and 2600.1-PRT, 2600.1-SCN, 2600.1-CPY, 2600.1-DSR, 2600.1-SMI as the SFR Package.

Some SFRs are added to the statement of ST on account of restricting the capability of the TOE to address the Objectives. These SFRs do not weaken the SFRs which defined in the IEEE Std 2600.1.

Also, because additional SFRs to PP are described as stated in 2.3.2.6, it is more restrictive.

#### 2.3.2.5. SFR Components in SFR Package Definitions

All SFRs components defined in SFR package are described in the ST as shown below, therefore the ST conform with SFR package.

SFR Package	Definition
PRT	PRT, CPY, SCN, DSR access control SFP are represented as TOE access
SCN	control SFP at FDP_ACC.1(a) and FDP_ACF.1(a).
CPY	
DSR	
SMI	FPT_FDI_EXP.1 and FTP_ITC.1 which required in IEEE Std 2600.1 are represented in the ST and these SFRs relevant auditable events are generated by FAU_GEN.1 in the ST.

Table 7	<b>Definition of the SFR Package</b>
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#### **2.3.2.6.** Conformance claim rationale

FAU\_STG.1, FAU\_STG.4, FAU\_SAR.1, and FAU\_SAR.2 are added according to PP APPLICATION NOTE7 so that the TOE maintains and manages the audit log. FIA\_AFL.1, FIA\_UAU.7, and FIA\_SOS.1 are added according to PP APPLICATION NOTE36 so that the TOE performs authentication. FCS\_COP.1 are added according to the organizational security policies, P. CRYPTGRAPHY. Although FMT\_MOF.1 is added in order to control behavior of the security function, this addition does not damage the SFR requirements prescribed in PP.



# **3. SECURITY PROBLEM DEFINITION**

# 3.1. Threats agents

This security problem definition addresses threats posed by four categories of threat agents:

- a) Persons who are not permitted to use the TOE who may attempt to use the TOE.
- b) Persons who are authorized to use the TOE who may attempt to use TOE functions for which they are not authorized.
- c) Persons who are authorized to use the TOE who may attempt to access data in ways for which they are not authorized.
- d) Persons who unintentionally cause a software malfunction that may expose the TOE to unanticipated threats.

The threats and policies defined in this Protection Profile address the threats posed by these threat agents.

### **3.2.** Threats to TOE Assets

The threats identified in the following Table sections are addressed by the TOE and/or Operating Environment.

Threat	Affected Asset	Description
T.DOC.DIS	D.DOC	User Document Data may be disclosed to unauthorized persons
T.DOC.ALT	D.DOC	User Document Data may be altered by unauthorized persons
T.FUNC.ALT	D.FUNC	User Function Data may be altered by unauthorized persons

 Table 8
 Threat to User Data for the TOE

	Table 9	Threats to TSF Data for the TOE
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Threat	Affected Asset	Description
T.PROT.ALT	D.PROT	TSF Protected Data may be altered by unauthorized persons
T.CONF.DIS	D.CONF	TSF Confidential Data may be disclosed to unauthorized persons
T.CONF.ALT	D.CONF	TSF Confidential Data may be altered by unauthorized persons

### 3.3. Organizational Security Policies for the TOE

This section describes the Organizational Security Policies (OSPs) that apply to the TOE. OSPs are used to provide a basis for security objectives that are commonly desired by TOE Owners in this operational environment but for which it is not practical to universally define the assets being protected or the threats to those assets.

Table 10	<b>Organizational Security Policies for the TOE</b>
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Name	Description
P.USER.AUTHORIZATION	To preserve operational accountability and security, Users will be outhorized to use the TOE only as permitted by the TOE Owner
P.SOFTWARE.VERIFICATION	authorized to use the TOE only as permitted by the TOE Owner.To detect malfunction of the TOE, procedures will exist to self-verify executable code in the TOE.
P.AUDIT.LOGGING	To preserve operational accountability and security, records that provide an audit trail of TOE use and security-relevant events will be created, maintained, and protected from unauthorized disclosure or alteration, and will be reviewed by authorized personnel.
P.INTERFACE.MANAGEMENT	To prevent unauthorized use of the external interfaces of the TOE, operation of those interfaces will be controlled by the TOE and its IT environment.
P.CRYPTOGRAPHY	User document data stored in an HDD must be encrypted to improve the secrecy of the document.



### **3.4.** Assumptions

The Security Objectives and Security Functional Requirements defined in subsequent sections of this Protection Profile are based on the condition that all of the assumptions described in this section are satisfied.

Assumption	Description
A.ACCESS.MANAGED	The TOE is located in a restricted or monitored environment that
	provides protection from unmanaged access to the physical
	components and data interfaces of the TOE.
A.USER.TRAINING	TOE Users are aware of the security policies and procedures of
	their organization, and are trained and competent to follow those
	policies and procedures.
A.ADMIN.TRAINING	Administrators are aware of the security policies and procedures
	of their organization, are trained and competent to follow the
	manufacturer's guidance and documentation, and correctly
	configure and operate the TOE in accordance with those policies
	and procedures.
A.ADMIN.TRUST	Administrators do not use their privileged access rights for
	malicious purposes.

Table 11	Assumptions for the TOE
----------	-------------------------



# 4. SECURITY OBJECTIVE

This section describes the security objectives that the TOE shall fulfill.

# 4.1. Security Objectives for the TOE

Table 12 shows the security policy which includes all security policies for the TOE described in PP and in which O.AUDIT\_STORAGE.PROTECTED, O.AUDIT\_ACCESS.AUTHORIZED, and O.CRYPTOGRAPHY are added to.

Objective	Definition
O.DOC.NO_DIS	The TOE shall protect User Document Data from unauthorized
	disclosure.
O.DOC.NO_ALT	The TOE shall protect User Document Data from unauthorized
	alteration.
O.FUNC.NO_ALT	The TOE shall protect User Function Data from unauthorized
	alteration.
O.PROT.NO_ALT	The TOE shall protect TSF Protected Data from unauthorized
	alteration.
O.CONF.NO_DIS	The TOE shall protect TSF Confidential Data from unauthorized
	disclosure.
O.CONF.NO_ALT	The TOE shall protect TSF Confidential Data from unauthorized
	alteration.
O.USER.AUTHORIZED	The TOE shall require identification and authentication of Users, and
	shall ensure that Users are authorized in accordance with security
	policies before allowing them to use the TOE.
O.INTERFACE.MANAGED	The TOE shall manage the operation of external interfaces in
	accordance with security policies.
O.SOFTWARE.VERIFIED	The TOE shall provide procedures to self-verify executable code in
	the TSF.
O.AUDIT.LOGGED	The TOE shall create and maintain a log of TOE use and
	security-relevant events, and prevent its unauthorized disclosure or
	alteration.
O.AUDIT_STORAGE.PROTECTED	The TOE shall ensure that audit records are protected from
	unauthorized access, deletion and modifications.
O.AUDIT_ACCESS.AUTHORIZED	The TOE shall ensure that audit records can be accessed in order to
	detect potential security violations, and only by authorized persons.
O.CRYPTOGRAPHY	TOE shall encrypt it at the time of storing the user document data to
	an HDD.

 Table 12
 Security Objectives for the TOE

### 4.2. Security Objectives for the Operational environment

This section describes the security objectives that must be fulfilled by the methods in the operational environment for the TOE. Refer to the objectives for the operational environment in IEEE Std 2600.1.

Objective	Definition
OE.PHYSICAL.MANAGED	The TOE shall be placed in a secure or monitored area that
	provides protection from unmanaged physical access to the TOE.
OE.INTERFACE.MANAGED	The IT environment shall provide protection from unmanaged
	access to TOE external interfaces.
OE.USER.AUTHORIZED	The TOE Owner shall grant permission to Users to be authorized to
	use the TOE according to the security policies and procedures of
	their organization.
OE.USER.TRAINED	The TOE Owner shall ensure that Users are aware of the security
	policies and procedures of their organization, and have the training
	and competence to follow those policies and procedures.
OE.ADMIN.TRAINED	The TOE Owner shall ensure that TOE Administrators are aware of
	the security policies and procedures of their organization, have the

 Table 13
 Security Objectives for Operational environment



Objective	Definition
	training, competence, and time to follow the manufacturer's
	guidance and documentation, and correctly configure and operate
	the TOE in accordance with those policies and procedures.
OE.ADMIN.TRUSTED	The TOE Owner shall establish trust that TOE Administrators will
	not use their privileged access rights for malicious purposes.
OE.AUDIT.REVIEWED	The TOE Owner shall ensure that audit logs are reviewed at
	appropriate intervals for security violations or unusual patterns of
	activity.

# 4.3. Security Objectives rationale

This section demonstrates that each threat, organizational security policy, and assumption are mitigated by at least one security objective for the TOE (Refer to the Completeness of security objectives) and that those security objectives counter the threats, enforce the policies, and uphold the assumptions. (Refer to the Sufficiency of security objectives). Table 14 shows the completeness of Security Objectives and shows the Sufficiency of the objectives.

		Objectives																		
Threats. Policies, and Assumptions	0.DOC.NO_DIS	0.DOC.NO_ALT	O.FUNC.NO_ALT	O.PROT.NO_ALT	0.CONF.NO_DIS	0.CONF.NO_ALT	<b>O.USER.AUTHORIZED</b>	<b>OE.USER.AUTHORIZED</b>	<b>O.SOFTWARE.VERIFIED</b>	0.AUDIT.LOGGED	<b>O.AUDIT_STORAGE.PROTECTED</b>	<b>0.AUDIT_ACCESS.AUTHORIZED</b>	<b>OE.AUDIT.REVIEWED</b>	<b>O.INTERFACE.MANAGED</b>	<b>OE.PHYISCAL.MANAGED</b>	<b>OE.INTERFACE.MANAGED</b>	<b>OE.ADMIN.TRAINED</b>	<b>OE.ADMIN.TRUSTED</b>	OE.USER.TRAINED	<b>O.CRYPTOGRAPHY</b>
T.DOC.DIS	1						✓	✓												
T.DOC.ALT		✓					✓	1												
T.FUNC.ALT			>				>	>												
T.PROT.ALT				>			>	>												
T.CONF.DIS					<		>	>												
T.CONF.ALT						>	>	>												
P.USER.AUTHORIZATION							>	>												
P.SOFTWARE.VERIFICATION									<											
P.AUDIT.LOGGING										✓	<	✓	<							
P.INTERFACE.MANAGEMENT														>		>				
A.ACCESS.MANAGED															>					
A.ADMIN.TRAINING																	>			
A.ADMIN.TRUST																		>		
A.USER.TRAINING																			✓	
P.CRYPTOGRAPHY																				✓

 Table 14
 Completeness of Security Objectives



Threats. Policies, and	Summary	
assumptions		Objectives and rationale
T.DOC.DIS	User Document Data may be disclosed to unauthorized persons.	O.DOC.NO_DIS protects D.DOC from unauthorized disclosure.O.USER.AUTHORIZED establishes user identification and authentication as the basis for authorization.OE.USER.AUTHORIZED establishes responsibility of the TOE Owner to
T.DOC.ALT	User Document Data may be altered by unauthorized persons.	appropriately grant authorization. O.DOC.NO_ALT protects D.DOC from unauthorized alteration. O.USER.AUTHORIZED establishes user identification and authentication as the basis for authorization. OE.USER.AUTHORIZED establishes responsibility of the TOE Owner to appropriately grant authorization.
T.FUNC.ALT	User Function Data may be altered by unauthorized persons.	O.FUNC.NO_ALT protects D.FUNC from unauthorized alteration.O.USER.AUTHORIZED establishes user identification and authentication as the basis for authorization.OE.USER.AUTHORIZED establishes responsibility of the TOE Owner to appropriately grant authorization.
T.PROT.ALT	TSF Protected Data may be altered by unauthorized persons.	O.PROT.NO_ALT protects D.PROT from unauthorized alteration.O.USER.AUTHORIZED establishes user identification and authentication as the basis for authorization.OE.USER.AUTHORIZED establishes responsibility of the TOE Owner to appropriately grant authorization.
T.CONF.DIS	TSF Confidential Data may be disclosed to unauthorized persons.	O.CONF.NO_DIS protects D.CONF from unauthorized disclosure. O.USER.AUTHORIZED establishes user identification and authentication as the basis for authorization. OE.USER.AUTHORIZED establishes responsibility of the TOE Owner to appropriately grant authorization.
T.CONF.ALT	TSF Confidential Data may be altered by unauthorized persons.	O.CONF.NO_ALT protects D.CONF from unauthorized alteration. O.USER.AUTHORIZED establishes user identification and authentication as the basis for authorization. OE.USER.AUTHORIZED establishes responsibility of the TOE Owner to appropriately grant authorization.
P.USER.AUTHORIZATION	Users will be authorized to authorization to use the TOE.	O.USER.AUTHORIZED establishes user identification and authentication as the basis for authorization to use the TOE. OE.USER.AUTHORIZED establishes responsibility of the TOE Owner to appropriately grant authorization.

# Table 15 Sufficiency of Security Objectives



Threats. Policies, and assumptions	Summary	Objectives and rationale
P.SOFTWARE.VERIFICATION	Procedures will exist to self-verify executable code in the TSF.	O.SOFTWARE.VERIFIED provides procedures to self-verify executable code in the TSF.
P.AUDIT.LOGGING	An audit trail of TOE use and security-relevant events will be created, maintained, protected, and reviewed.	<ul> <li>O.AUDIT.LOGGED creates and maintains a log of TOE use and security-relevant events, and prevents unauthorized disclosure or alteration.</li> <li>O.AUDIT_STORAGE.PROTECTED protects exported audit records from unauthorized access, deletion and modifications.</li> <li>O.AUDIT_ACCESS.AUTHORIZED establishes responsibility of, the TOE Owner to provide appropriate access to exported audit records.</li> <li>OE.AUDIT.REVIEWED establishes responsibility of the TOE Owner to ensure that audit logs are appropriately reviewed.</li> </ul>
P.INTERFACE.MANAGEMENT	Operation of external interfaces will be controlled by the TOE and its IT environment.	O.INTERFACE.MANAGED manages the operation of external interfaces in accordance with security policies. OE.INTERFACE.MANAGED establishes a protected environment for TOE external interfaces.
P.CRYPTOGRAPHY	Cryptographic operation will be controlled by TOE.	O.CRYPTOGRAPHY encrypts D.DOC stored in HDD by TOE.
A.ACCESS.MANAGED	The TOE environment provides protection from unmanaged access to the physical components and data interfaces of the TOE.	OE.PHYSICAL.MANAGED establishes a protected physical environment for the TOE.
A.ADMIN.TRAINING	TOE Users are aware of and trained to follow security policies and procedures	OE.ADMIN.TRAINED establishes responsibility of the TOE Owner to provide appropriate Administrator training.
A.ADMIN.TRUST	Administrators do not use their privileged access rights for malicious purposes.	OE.ADMIN.TRUSTED establishes responsibility of the TOE Owner to have a trusted relationship with Administrators.
A.USER.TRAINING	Administrators are aware of and trained to follow security policies and procedures.	OE.USER.TRAINED establishes responsibility of the TOE Owner to provide appropriate User training.



# 5. EXTENDED COMPONENTS DEFINITION

This ST defines components that are extensions to Common Criteria 3.1 Revision 3, Part 2.

# FPT\_FDI\_EXP Restricted forwarding of data to external interfaces

#### Family behaviour:

This family defines requirements for the TSF to restrict direct forwarding of information from one external interface to another external interface.

Many products receive information on specific external interfaces and are intended to transform and process this information before it is transmitted on another external interface. However, some products may provide the capability for attackers to misuse external interfaces to violate the security of the TOE or devices that are connected to the TOE's external interfaces. Therefore, direct forwarding of unprocessed data between different external interfaces is forbidden unless explicitly allowed by an authorized administrative role. The family FPT\_FDI\_EXP has been defined to specify this kind of functionality.

#### **Component leveling:**

FPT\_FDI\_EXP.1 Restricted forwarding of data to external interfaces

1

FPT\_FDI\_EXP.1 Restricted forwarding of data to external interfaces provides for the functionality to require TSF controlled processing of data received over defined external interfaces before these data are sent out on another external interface. Direct forwarding of data from one external interface to another one requires explicit allowance by an authorized administrative role.

#### Management: FPT\_FDI\_EXP.1

The following actions could be considered for the management functions in FMT:

- a) Definition of the role(s) that are allowed to perform the management activities
- b) Management of the conditions under which direct forwarding can be allowed by an administrative role
- c) Revocation of such an allowance

#### Audit: FPT\_FDI\_EXP.1

The following actions should be auditable if FAU\_GEN Security Audit Data Generation is included in the PP/ST:

There are no auditable events foreseen.

#### **Rationale:**

Quite often, a TOE is supposed to perform specific checks and process data received on one external interface before such (processed) data are allowed to be transferred to another external interface. Examples are firewall systems but also other systems that require a specific work flow for the incoming data before it can be transferred. Direct forwarding of such data (i.e., without processing the data first) between different external interfaces is therefore a function that—if allowed at all—can only be allowed by an authorized role.

It has been viewed as useful to have this functionality as a single component that allows specifying the property to disallow direct forwarding and require that only an authorized role can allow this. Since this is a function that is quite common for a number of products, it has been viewed as useful to define an extended component.

The Common Criteria defines attribute-based control of user data flow in its FDP class. However, in this Protection Profile, the authors needed to express the control of both user data and TSF data flow using administrative control instead of attribute-based control. It was found that using FDP\_IFF and FDP\_IFC for this purpose resulted in SFRs that were either too implementation-specific for a Protection Profile or too unwieldy for refinement in a Security Target. Therefore, the authors decided to define an extended component to address this functionality.

This extended component protects both user data and TSF data, and it could therefore be placed in either the FDP or the FPT class. Since its purpose is to protect the TOE from misuse, the authors believed that it was most appropriate to place it in the FPT class. It did not fit well in any of the existing families in either class, and this led the authors to define a new family with just one member.

#### FPT\_FDI\_EXP.1 Restricted forwarding of data to external interfaces

Hierarchical to:	No other components
Dependencies:	FMT_SMF.1 Specification of Management Functions
	FMT_SMR.1 Security roles

**FPT\_FDI\_EXP.1.1** The TSF shall provide the capability to restrict data received on [assignment: *list of external interfaces*] from being forwarded without further processing by the TSF to [assignment: *list of external interfaces*].



# 6. SECURITY REQUIREMENTS

### 6.1. Security Functional Requirements

The security functional requirements are given in detail in the following subsections. These requirements are verbatim from IEEE Std 2600.1 Protection Profile A with appropriate selection or assignments provided. The following Table summarizes the security functional requirements claimed.

#### 6.1.1. Class FAU: Security audit

(1)	FAU_GEN.1	Audit data generation
	Hierarchical to: Dependencies:	No other components FPT_STM.1 Reliable time stamps
	FAU_GEN.1.1	The TSF shall be able to generate an audit record of the following auditable events:
		<ul> <li>Start-up and shutdown of the audit functions; and</li> <li>All auditable events for the [selection, choose one of: <i>minimum, basic, detailed, not specified]</i> level of audit; and</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>All auditable Events as each is defined for its Audit Level (if one is specified) for the Relevant SFR in Table 16; [assignment: other specifically defined auditable events]</li> </ul>
		[selection, choose one of: minimum, basic, detailed, not specified]
		- not specified
		[assignment: other specifically defined auditable events]
		- none
	FAU_GEN.1.2	The TSF shall record within each audit record at least the following information:
		<ul> <li>Date and time of the event, type of event, subject identity (if applicable), and the outcome (success or failure) of the event; and</li> <li>For each audit event type, based on the auditable event definitions of the functional components included in the PP/ST, for each Relevant SFR listed in Table 16:(1) information as defined by its Audit Level (if one is specified), and (2) all Additional Information (if any is required); [assignment: <i>other audit relevant information</i>]</li> </ul>

[assignment: other audit relevant information]

- none

 Table 16
 Audit Data Requirements

Auditable event	Relevant SFR	Audit level	Additional information	Details (Actual event names)
None	FAU_SAR.1	Minimum	None required	None
None	FAU_SAR.2	Minimum	None required	None
None	FAU_STG.1	Minimum	None required	None
None	FAU_STG.4	Minimum	None required	None
None	FAU_GEN.1	Minimum	None required	None
None	FAU_GEN.2	Minimum	None required	None
Success and failure, and the type of cryptographic operation	FCS_COP.1	Minimum	None required	<ul> <li>Success of encryption</li> <li>Failure of encryption</li> <li>Success of decryption</li> <li>Failure of decryption</li> </ul>
None	FDP_ACC.1(a)	Minimum	None required	None
None	FDP_ACC.1(b)	Minimum	None required	None

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Auditable event	Relevant SFR	Audit level	Additional information	Details (Actual event names)
Job completion	FDP_ACF.1(a)	Not specified	Type of job	• Success of the reading demand
				of D.DOC
				•Success of the deletion demand
				of D.DOC
				• Success of the reading demand of D.FUNC
				• Success of the modify demand
				of D.FUNC
				• Success of the deletion demand
				of D.FUNC
				•Termination of job
	FDP_ACF.1(b)			• Success of the Print function
				demand
				• Success of the Scan function demand
				• Success of the Copy function
				demand
				•Success of e-Filing function
				demand
None	FDD DID 1	Minimum	Nono rominal	•Termination of job
None           Both successful	FDP_RIP.1 FIA UAU.1	Minimum Basic	None required	None • Failure of login (Failure of the
and unsuccessful	FIA_UAU.I	Dasie	None required	password verification)
use of the user				•Success of login (Success of
authentication				password verification)
mechanism None	FIA UAU.7	Minimum	None required	None
Both successful	FIA UID.1	Basic	Attempted	•Success of login (Success of the
and unsuccessful		Dusie	user identity,	User ID verification)
use of the			if available	•Failure of login (Failure of the
identification				User ID verification)
mechanism The reaching of the	FIA AFL.1	Minimum	None required	•Login refusal by the
threshold for the	FIA_AFL.I	winningin	None required	certification trial number of
unsuccessful user				times over
authentication				•Release of login denied
attempts and the actions				
(e.g. disabling of a				
terminal) taken and				
the subsequent, if				
appropriate, restoration to the				
normal state (e.g.				
re-enabling of a				
terminal)				
None Dejection has the	FIA_ATD.1	Minimum	None required	None
Rejection by the TSF of any tested	FIA_SOS.1	Minimum	None required	Failure of the login password modify
secret				moury
Unsuccessful	FIA_USB.1	Minimum	None required	Failure of binding User Taken
binding of user	1'1A_USD.1	winningm	None required	Failure of binding User Token
security attributes				
to a subject (e.g.				
creation of a				
subject). None	FMT MTD.1	Minimum	None required	None
		1VIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	rione required	TION

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Auditable event	Relevant SFR	Audit level	Additional information	Details (Actual event names)
Use of the	FMT_SMF.1	Minimum	None required	Use of the management
management functions				functions
Modifications to the	FMT_SMR.1	Minimum	None required	None
group of users that		TVIIIIIIIIIII	i tone required	(They will not be modified.)
are part of a role				
None	FMT_MSA.1(a)	Minimum	None required	None
None	FMT_MSA.1(b)	Minimum	None required	None
None	FMT_MSA.3(a)	Minimum	None required	None
None	FMT_MSA.3(b)	Minimum	None required	None
None	FMT_MOF.1	Minimum	None required	None
Changes to the	FPT_STM.1	Minimum	None required	Modify the time
time				
None	FPT_TST.1	Minimum	None required	None
None	FPT_FDI_EXP.1	Minimum	None required	None
Termination of an	FTA_SSL.3	Minimum	None required	Termination of session due to
interactive session				time limit
by the session				
locking mechanism		Minimum	Name as mained	Failure of the client
a) Failure of the trusted channel	FTP_ITC.1	Minimum	None required	authentication SSL
functions				authentication SSL
<b>b)</b> Identification of				
the initiator and				
target of failed				
trusted channel				
functions				

(2)	FAU_GEN.2	User identity association
	Hierarchical to: Dependencies:	No other components. FAU_GEN.1 Audit data generation FIA_UID.1 Timing of identification
	FAU_GEN.2.1	For audit events resulting from actions of identified users, the TSF shall be able to associate each auditable event with the identity of the user that caused the event.
(3)	FAU_SAR.1	Audit review
	Hierarchical to: Dependencies:	No other components. FAU_GEN.1 Audit data generation
	FAU_SAR.1.1	The TSF shall provide [assignment: <i>authorised users</i> ] with the capability to read [assignment: <i>list of audit information</i> ] from the audit records.
		[assignment: authorised users]
		- refer to Table 17
		[assignment: list of audit information]

- refer to Table 17

Authorised Users	Audit Information
U.NORMAL	Job log information which is generated by own job
U.ADMINISTRATOR	All log information
U.ACCOUNTMANAGER	None
U.AUDITOR	All log information
U.FAXOPERATOR	Job log information which is generated by own Internet Fax transmission job



	FAU_SAR.1.2	The TSF shall provide the audit records in a manner suitable for the user to interpret the information.
(4)	FAU_SAR.2	Restricted audit review
	Hierarchical to: Dependencies:	No other components. FAU_SAR.1 Audit review
	FAU_SAR.2.1	The TSF shall prohibit all users read access to the audit records, except those users that have been granted explicit read-access.
(5)	FAU_STG.1	Protected audit trail storage
	Hierarchical to: Dependencies:	No other components. FAU_GEN.1 Audit data generation
	FAU_STG.1.1	The TSF shall protect the stored audit records in the audit trail from unauthorized deletion.
	FAU_STG.1.2	The TSF shall be able to [selection, choose one of: <i>prevent, detect</i> ] unauthorized modifications to the stored audit records in the audit trail.
		[selection, choose one of: prevent, detect]
		- prevent
(6)	FAU_STG.4	Prevention of audit data loss
	Hierarchical to: Dependencies:	FAU_STG.3 Action in case of possible audit data loss FAU_STG.1 Protected audit trail storage
	FAU_STG.4.1	The TSF shall [selection, choose one of: "ignore audited events", "prevent audited events, except those taken by the authorised user with special rights", "overwrite the oldest stored audit records"] and [assignment: other actions to be taken in case of audit storage failure] if the audit trail is full.
		[selection, choose one of: "ignore audited events", "prevent audited events, except those taken by the authorised user with special rights", "overwrite the oldest stored audit records"]
		- "overwrite the oldest stored audit records"
		[assignment: other actions to be taken in case of audit storage failure]
		- none
6.1.2.	Class FDP: User d	ata protection
The Se	curity Function Polic	cy (SFP) described in Table 18 is referenced by the Class FDP SFRs in this clause.

(1) FDP\_ACC.1(a) Subset access control
 Hierarchical to: Dependencies: FDP\_ACF.1 Security attribute based access control

 FDP\_ACC.1.1(a) The TSF shall enforce the Access Control SFP in Table 18, Table 19, Table 20, Table 21, and Table 22 on the list of users as subjects, objects, and operations among subjects and objects covered by the Access Control SFP in Table 18, Table 19, Table 19, Table 20, Table 20, Table 21, and Table 22.



Object	Function Attribute	Object Attribute	Operation(s)	Subject	Subject Attribute	Access Control Rule
D.DOC	+CPY	User ID	Delete	U.NORMAL	User ID	If the User ID does
	+PRT					not match, operation is
	+SCN					denied.
		None	Delete	U.ADMINIS	Role	If the Subject is
				TRATOR		U.ADMINISTRATOR,
						operation is permitted.
D.FUNC	+SCN	None	Delete,	U.ADMINIS	Role	If the Subject is
(Address	+DSR		Modify	TRATOR		U.ADMINISTRATOR,
Book)						operation is permitted.

#### Table 18 Common Access Control SFP

### Table 19CPY Access Control SFP

Object	Function Attribute	Object Attribute	Operation(s)	Subject	Subject Attribute	Access Control Rule
D.DOC	+CPY	None	Read	U.NORMAL	None	None

#### Table 20 PRT Access Control SFP

Object	Function Attribute	Object Attribute	Operation(s)	Subject	Subject Attribute	Access Control Rule
D.DOC	+PRT	User ID	Read	U.NORMAL	User ID	If the User ID does not match, operation is denied.
		None	Read	U.FAXOPER ATOR	Role	If the Subject is U.FAXOPERATOR, Internet Fax operation to D.DOC is permitted.
		None	Delete			If the Subject is U.FAXOPERATOR, operation is permitted.
D.FUNC (Print job in Print		User ID	Delete	U.NORMAL	User ID	If the User ID does not match, operation is denied.
Hold Queue)		None	Delete	U.ADMINIS TRATOR, U.FAXOPER ATOR	Role	If the Subject is U.ADMINISTRATOR or U.FAXOPERATOR, operation is permitted.
		None	Modify	U.USER	None	Operation of U.USER is denied.
D.FUNC (Internet Fax reception job in Print Hold Queue)		None	Modify, Delete	U.USER	None	Operation of U.USER is denied.

### Table 21 SCN Access Control SFP

Object	Function Attribute	Object Attribute	Operation(s)	Subject	Subject Attribute	Access Control Rule
D.DOC	+SCN	User ID	Read,	U.NORMAL,	User ID	If the User ID does
			Modify	U.FAXOPER		not match, operation is
				ATOR		denied.



Object	Function Attribute	Object Attribute	Operation(s)	Subject	Subject Attribute	Access Control Rule
D.DOC	+DSR	e-Filing Box	Read,	U.NORMAL,	e-Filing Box	If e-Filing Box
		password	Delete,	U.ADMINIS	Password	Password does not
			Modify,	TRATOR		match, operation is
			Export			denied.
						If the entered e-Filing
						Box Password is that
						of the Built-in
						Administrator
						Account, operation is
						permitted.
		None	Delete	U.ADMINIS	Role	If the Subject is
				TRATOR		U.ADMINISTRATOR,
						operation is permitted.

#### Table 22DSR Access Control SFP

(2) FDP\_ACC.1(b) Subset access control

Hierarchical to:No other components.Dependencies:FDP\_ACF.1 Security attribute based access control

**FDP\_ACC.1.1(b)** The TSF shall enforce the TOE Function Access Control SFP on users as subjects, TOE functions as objects, and the right to use the functions as operations as specified in Table 23.

Table 23	The TOE Function Access Control SFP	
----------	-------------------------------------	--

Object (TOE Function)	Object Attribute	Subject	Subject Attribute	Access Control Rule
F.PRT	Permission	U.NORMAL,	Allocation	If an Allocation Role is included in the
	Role	U.FAXOPERATOR	Role	Permission Role of F.PRT, U.NORMAL or
				U.FAXOPERATOR is permitted to execute
				F.PRT.
F.SCN	Permission	U.NORMAL,	Allocation	If an Allocation Role is included in the
	Role	U.FAXOPERATOR	Role	Permission Role of F.SCN, U.NORMAL or
				U.FAXOPERATOR is permitted to execute
				F.SCN.
F.CPY	Permission	U.NORMAL	Allocation	If an Allocation Role is included in the
	Role		Role	Permission Role of F.CPY, U.NORMAL is
				permitted to execute F.CPY.
F.DSR	Permission	U.NORMAL	Allocation	If an Allocation Role is included in the
	Role		Role	Permission Role of F.DSR, U.NORMAL is
				permitted to execute F.DSR.

#### (3) FDP\_ACF.1(a) Security attribute based access control

Hierarchical to:No other components.Dependencies:FDP\_ACC.1 Subset access control<br/>FMT\_MSA.3 Static attribute initialization

**FDP\_ACF.1.1(a)** The TSF shall enforce the Access Control SFP in Table 18, Table 19, Table 20, Table 21, and Table 22 to objects based on the following: the list of users as subjects and objects controlled under the Access Control SFP in Table 18, Table 19, Table 20, Table 21, and Table 22, and for each, the indicated security attributes in Table 18, Table 19, Table 20, Table 20, Table 21, and Table 22, and Table 22.

**FDP\_ACF.1.2(a)** The TSF shall enforce the following rules to determine if an operation among controlled subjects and controlled objects is allowed: rules specified in the Access Control SFP in Table 18, Table 19, Table 20, Table 21, and Table 22 governing

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access among controlled users as subjects and controlled objects using controlled operations on controlled objects.

**FDP\_ACF.1.3(a)** The TSF shall explicitly authorize access of subjects to objects based on the following additional rules: [assignment: *rules, based on security attributes, that explicitly authorize access of subjects to objects*].

[assignment: rules, based on security attributes, that explicitly authorize access of subjects to objects]

- refer to Table 18, Table 19, Table 20, Table 21, and Table 22

**FDP\_ACF.1.4(a)** The TSF shall explicitly deny access of subjects to objects based on the [assignment: *rules, based on security attributes, that explicitly deny access of subjects to objects*].

[assignment: rules, based on security attributes, that explicitly deny authorize access of subjects to objects]

- none

(4) FDP\_ACF.1(b) Security attribute based access control

 Hierarchical to:
 No other components.

 Dependencies:
 FDP\_ACC.1 Subset access control FMT\_MSA.3 Static attribute initialization

**FDP\_ACF.1.1(b)** The TSF shall enforce the TOE Function Access Control SFP to objects based on the following: users and [assignment: *list of TOE functions and the security attribute(s) used to determine the TOE Function Access Control SFP*].

[assignment: *list of TOE functions and the security attribute(s) used to determine the TOE Function Access Control SFP*]

- refer to Table 23

**FDP\_ACF.1.2(b)** The TSF shall enforce the following rules to determine if an operation among controlled subjects and controlled objects is allowed: [selection: *the user is explicitly authorized by U.ADMINISTRATOR to use a function, a user that is authorized to use the TOE is automatically authorized to use the functions* [assignment: *list of functions*], [assignment: *other conditions*]].

[selection: the user is explicitly authorized by U.ADMINISTRATOR to use a function, a user that is authorized to use the TOE is automatically authorized to use the functions [assignment: list of functions], [assignment: other conditions]]

- the user is explicitly authorized by U.ADMINISTRATOR to use a function

**FDP\_ACF.1.3(b)** The TSF shall explicitly authorize access of subjects to objects based on the following additional rules: the user acts in the role U.ADMINISTRATOR: [assignment: other rules, based on security attributes, that explicitly authorise access of subjects to objects].

[assignment: other rules, based on security attributes, that explicitly authorise access of subjects to objects]

- none

**FDP\_ACF.1.4(b)** The TSF shall explicitly deny access of subjects to objects based on the [assignment: *rules based on security attributes that explicitly deny access of subjects to objects*].

[assignment: rules based on security attributes that explicitly deny access of subjects to objects]

- none

(5) FDP\_RIP.1 Subset residual information protection

Hierarchical to:No other components.Dependencies:No dependencies



FDP_RIP.1.1	The TSF shall ensure that any previous information content of a resource is made
	unavailable upon the [selection: allocation of the resource to, deallocation of the
	resource from] the following objects: D.DOC, [assignment: list of objects].

[selection: allocation of the resource to, deallocation of the resource from]

- deallocation of the resource from

[assignment: *list of objects*]

- none

- 6.1.3. Class FIA: Identification and authentication
  - (1) FIA\_ATD.1 User attribute definition Hierarchical to: No other components. Dependencies: No dependencies

**FIA\_ATD.1.1** The TSF shall maintain the following list of security attributes belonging to individual users: [assignment: *list of security attributes*].

[assignment: list of security attributes]

- User ID - Allocation Role - Role
- (2) FIA\_UAU.1 Timing of authentication

Hierarchical to:No other componentsDependencies:FIA\_UID.1 Timing of identification

**FIA\_UAU.1.1** The TSF shall allow [assignment: *list of TSF-mediated actions that do not conflict with access-controlled Functions of the TOE*] on behalf of the user to be performed before the user is authenticated.

[assignment: list of TSF-mediated actions that do not conflict with access-controlled Functions of the TOE]

- storing the document data from printer driver - storing the document data from mail Server
- **FIA\_UAU.1.2** The TSF shall require each user to be successfully authenticated before allowing any other TSF-mediated actions on behalf of that user.

(3) FIA\_UAU.7 Protected authentication feedback Hierarchical to: No other components.

- Dependencies: FIA\_UAU.1 Timing of authentication
- **FIA\_UAU.7.1** The TSF shall provide only [assignment: *list of feedback*] to the user while the authentication is in progress.

[assignment: *list of feedback*]

- refer to Table 24

#### Table 24 Protected Authentication Feedback

Action	Feedback
Input of the password	Display dummy characters



(4) FIA\_UID.1 **Timing of identification Hierarchical to:** No other components **Dependencies:** No dependencies The TSF shall allow [assignment: list of TSF-mediated actions that do not conflict FIA\_UID.1.1 with access-controlled Functions of the TOE ] on behalf of the user to be performed before the user is identified. [assignment: list of TSF-mediated actions that do not conflict with access-controlled Functions of the TOE - storing the document data from mail Server FIA UID.1.2 The TSF shall require each user to be successfully identified before allowing any other TSF-mediated actions on behalf of that user. (5) FIA USB.1 User-subject binding **Hierarchical to:** No other components **Dependencies:** FIA\_ATD.1 User attributes definition FIA USB.1.1 The TSF shall associate the following user security attributes with subjects acting on the behalf of that user: [assignment: list of user security attributes]. [assignment: *list of user security attributes*] - User ID - Allocation Role - Role - e-Filing Box Password FIA\_USB.1.2 The TSF shall enforce the following rules on the initial association of user security attributes with the subjects acting on behalf of users: [assignment: rules for the initial association of attributes]. [assignment: rules for the initial association of attributes] - none FIA USB.1.3 The TSF shall enforce the following rules governing changes to the user security attributes with the subjects acting on behalf of users: [assignment: rules for the changing of attributes]. [assignment: rules for the changing of attributes] - none (6) FIA AFL.1 Authentication failure handling **Hierarchical to:** No other components. **Dependencies:** FIA UAU.1 Timing of authentication FIA\_AFL.1.1 The TSF shall detect when [selection: [assignment: positive integer number], an administrator configurable positive integer within[assignment: range of acceptable values]] unsuccessful authentication attempts occur related to [assignment: list of authentication events]. [selection: [assignment: positive integer number], an administrator configurable *positive integer within[assignment: range of acceptable values]*] - an administrator configurable positive integer within [assignment: range of acceptable values] [assignment: range of acceptable values] -1~30 [assignment: list of authentication events]



		- user authentication
	FIA_AFL.1.2	When the defined number of unsuccessful authentication attempts has been [selection: <i>met, surpassed</i> ], the TSF shall [assignment: <i>list of actions</i> ].
		[selection: met, surpassed]
		- surpassed
		[assignment: list of actions]
		- lockout each account in lockout time - only an administrator can release a lockout account
(7)	FIA_SOS.1	Verification of secrets
	Hierarchical to: Dependencies:	No other components. No dependencies.
	FIA_SOS.1.1	The TSF shall provide a mechanism to verify that secrets meet [assignment: <i>a defined quality metric</i> ].

[assignment: a defined quality metric]

- refer to Table 25

Table 25 User Lassword Fully	Table 25	<b>User Pass</b>	word Policy
------------------------------	----------	------------------	-------------

User Password	Available Characters	Password Length	Rule
User Password (U.NORMAL) (U.FAXOPERATOR) User Password (U.ADMINISTRATOR) (U.ACCOUNTMANAGER) (U.AUDITOR)	Numbers : 0-9 Alphabet : A-Z, a-Z Punctuation : ! # () * + , / : ; = ? @ ¥^ _` {   } ~	Min:8 Max:64	<ul> <li>User name is not allowed to be used as a password.</li> <li>Same password cannot be used successively.</li> <li>Same character cannot be used successively.</li> <li>Don't accept the prohibited character string that he/she can set from the TopAccess. (the plural settings are possible).</li> <li>User name is not allowed to be used as a password.</li> <li>Same password cannot be used successively.</li> <li>Same character cannot be used successively.</li> <li>Don't accept the prohibited character string that he/she can set from the TopAccess. (the plural settings are possible).</li> <li>A password has to include at least one alphanumeric character.</li> </ul>

#### 6.1.4. Class FMT: Security management

(1) FMT MSA.1(a) Management of security attributes **Hierarchical to:** No other components. **Dependencies:** [FDP ACC.1 Subset access control, or FDP IFC.1 Subset information flow control] FMT SMR.1 Security roles FMT\_SMF.1 Specification of Management Functions FMT MSA.1.1(a) The TSF shall enforce the Access Control SFP in Table 18, Table 19, Table 20, Table 21, and Table 22 [assignment: access control SFP(s), information flow control SFP(s)] to restrict the ability to [selection: change default, query, modify, delete, [assignment: other operations]] the security attributes [assignment: list of security attributes] to [assignment: the authorized identified roles]. [assignment: access control SFP(s), information flow control SFP(s)] - none



[selection: change\_default, query, modify, delete, [assignment: other operations]]

- refer to Table 26, Table 27

[assignment: other operations]

- none

[assignment: list of security attributes]

#### - refer to Table 26, Table 27

[assignment: the authorized identified roles]

- refer to Table 26, Table 27

#### Table 26 Management of Object Security Attributes

Access Control SFP	Object Security Attribute	Authorized Identified Roles	Operations
Common Access Control	User ID	Nobody	Any operation
PRT Access Control			
SCN Access Control			
DSR Access Control	e-Filing Box Password	U.NORMAL,	Delete,
		U.ADMINISTRATOR	Modify

#### Table 27 Management of Subject Security Attributes

Access Control SFP	Subject Security Attribute	Authorized Identified Roles	Operations
Common Access Control	User ID	U.ADMINISTRATOR,	Modify
PRT Access Control		U.ACCOUNTMANAGER	
SCN Access Control	Role	U.ADMINISTRATOR,	Delete,
		U.ACCOUNTMANAGER	Modify
DSR Access Control	Role	U.ADMINISTRATOR,	Delete,
		U.ACCOUNTMANAGER	Modify

#### (2) FMT\_MSA.1(b) Management of security attributes

Hierarchical to:No other components.Dependencies:[FDP\_ACC.1 Subset access control, or<br/>FDP\_IFC.1 Subset information flow control]<br/>FMT\_SMR.1 Security roles<br/>FMT\_SMF.1 Specification of Management Functions

**FMT\_MSA.1.1(b)** The TSF shall enforce the TOE Function Access Control SFP, [assignment: access control SFP(s), information flow control SFP(s)] to restrict the ability to [selection: change\_default, query, modify, delete, [assignment: other operations]] the security attributes [assignment: list of security attributes] to [assignment: the authorised identified roles].

[assignment: access control SFP(s), information flow control SFP(s)]

- none

[selection: change default, query, modify, delete, [assignment: other operations]]

- refer to Table 28, Table 29

[assignment: *other operations*]

- refer to Table 28, Table 29

[assignment: list of security attributes]

- refer to Table 28, Table 29
- [assignment: the authorised identified roles]



- refer to Table 28, Table 29

 Table 28
 Management of Subject Attributes

Subject Attribute	Authorized Identified Roles	Operations
Allocation Role	U.ADMINISTRATOR,	Modify
	U.ACCOUNTMANAGER	

#### Table 29Management of Object Attributes

Object Attribute	Authorized Identified Roles	Operations
Permission Role	U.ADMINISTRATOR,	Modify
	U.ACCOUNTMANAGER	-

#### (3) FMT\_MSA.3(a) Static attribute initialization

# Hierarchical to: No other components. Dependencies: FMT\_MSA.1 Management of security attributes FMT\_SMR.1 Security roles

FMT\_MSA.3.1(a) The TSF shall enforce the Access Control SFP in Table 18, Table 19, Table 20, Table 21, and Table 22, [assignment: access control SFP, information flow control SFP] to provide [selection, choose one of: restrictive, permissive, [assignment: other property]] default values for security attributes that are used to enforce the SFP.

[assignment: access control SFP, information flow control SFP]

- none

[selection, choose one of: restrictive, permissive, [assignment: other property]]

#### - [assignment: other property]

[assignment: other property]

#### - refer to Table 30

**FMT\_MSA.3.2(a)** The TSF shall allow the [assignment: *the authorized identified roles*] to specify alternative initial values to override the default values when an object or information is created.

[assignment: *the authorized identified roles*]

- nobody

#### Table 30 Characteristics Static Attribute Initialization

Access Control SFP	Object	Function Attribute	Object Security Attribute	Default value for Object Security Attribute
Common	D.DOC	+CPY	User ID	User ID of U.NORMAL who
Access		+PRT		created the left Object.
Control SFP		+SCN		
		+DSR		
	D.FUNC	+CPY	User ID	User ID of U.NORMAL who
	(Print job in	+PRT		created the left Object.
	Print Hold	+SCN		
	Queue)	+DSR		
PRT Access	D.DOC	+PRT	User ID	User ID of U.NORMAL who
Control SFP				created the left Object.
DSR Access	D.DOC	+DSR	e-Filing Box	e-Filing Box Password which was
Control SFP			Password	entered when the left object was
				created.

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(4) FMT\_MSA.3(b) Static attribute initialization
 Hierarchical to: Dependencies: FMT\_MSA.1 Management of security attributes
 FMT\_SMR.1 Security roles

FMT\_MSA.3.1(b) The TSF shall enforce the TOE Function Access Control Policy, [assignment: access control SFP, information flow control SFP] to provide [selection, choose one of: restrictive, permissive, [assignment: other property]] default values for security attributes that are used to enforce the SFP.

[assignment: access control SFP, information flow control SFP]

- none

[selection, choose one of: restrictive, permissive, [assignment: other property]]

- [assignment: other property]

[assignment: other property]

- refer to Table 31

 Table 31
 Static Attribute Initialization

Object	Security	Characteristics which restricts access only to Subject with any	
(TOE Function)	Attribute	of the following attributes	
F.PRT	Permission Role	Print Role, PrintOperator Role, FaxOperator Role, User Role,	
		ColorPrintCopyOperator Role	
F.SCN	Permission Role	ScanOperator Role, FaxOperator Role, User Role	
F.CPY	Permission Role	CopyOperator Role, User Role	
F.DSR	Permission Role	ScanOperator Role, Administrator Role, e-FilingOperator Role,	
		User Role	

# **FMT\_MSA.3.2(b)** The TSF shall allow the [assignment: *the authorized identified roles*] to specify alternative initial values to override the default values when an object or information is created.

[assignment: the authorized identified roles]

- nobody

- (5) FMT\_MTD.1
   Management of TSF data

   Hierarchical to:
   No other components.

   Dependencies:
   FMT SMR.1 Security roles
  - Idencies: FMT\_SMR.1 Security roles FMT\_SMF.1 Specification of Management Functions
  - **FMT\_MTD.1.1(a)** The TSF shall restrict the ability to [selection: *change\_default, query, modify, delete, clear, [assignment: other operations]*] the [assignment: *list of TSF data*] to [selection, choose one of: *Nobody, [selection: U.ADMINISTRATOR, [assignment: the authorized identified roles except U.NORMAL]*]].

[selection: change\_default, query, modify, delete, clear, [assignment: other operations]]

- refer to Table 32

[assignment: other operations]

- refer to Table 32

[assignment: list of TSF data]

- refer to Table 32

[selection, choose one of: *Nobody*, [selection: U.ADMINISTRATOR, [assignment: the authorized identified roles except U.NORMAL]]]

- refer to Table 32



[selection: U.ADMINISTRATOR, [assignment: the authorized identified roles except U.NORMAL]]

```
- refer to Table 32
```

Classification	TSF Data	Authorized Identified Roles	Operations
Confidential Data	All Job Logs	U.ADMINISTRATOR	Query,
			Delete,
			Export
		U.AUDITOR	Query
	Job Logs	U.FAXOPERATOR	Query
	(Only Internet Fax transmission own job log)		
	Message Logs	U.ADMINISTRATOR	Query,
			Delete,
			Export
		U.AUDITOR	Query
	User Password	U.ADMINISTRATOR,	Modify,
	(U.ADMINISTRATOR)	U.ACCOUNTMANAGER	Export
	User Password	U.ADMINISTRATOR,	Modify,
	(U.ACCOUNTMANAGER)	U.ACCOUNTMANAGER	Export
	User Password	U.AUDITOR who relates to	Modify,
	(U.AUDITOR)	this TSF Data.	
		U.ADMINISTRATOR,	Modify,
		U.ACCOUNTMANAGER	Export
	User Password	U.FAXOPERATOR who	Modify
	(U.FAXOPERATOR)	relates to this TSF Data.	
		U.ADMINISTRATOR,	Modify,
		U.ACCOUNTMANGER	Export
	HDD Encryption Key	Nobody	Any operation
Protected Data	ACL Information	U.ADMINISTRATOR,	Modify
		U.ACCOUNTMANAGER	
	Allowable number of entry for Login Password	U.ADMINISTRATOR	Modify
	Lockout Time	U.ADMINISTRATOR	Modify
	Locked-out Account Status	U.ADMINISTRATOR,	Clear
		U.ACCOUNTMANGER	
	Auto Logout Time	U.ADMINISTRATOR	Modify
	Date and Time Information	U.ADMINISTRATOR	Modify
	User Password Policy Information	U.ADMINISTRATOR	Modify

#### Table 32Operation of TSF Data

**FMT\_MTD.1.1(b)** The TSF shall restrict the ability to [selection: *change\_default, query, modify, delete, clear, [assignment: other operations]*] the [assignment: *list of TSF data associated with a U.NORMAL or TSF data associated with documents or jobs owned by a U.NORMAL*] to [selection, choose one of: *Nobody, [selection: U.ADMINISTRATOR, the U.NORMAL to whom such TSF data are associated*]].

[selection: change\_default, query, modify, delete, clear, [assignment: other operations]]

- refer to Table 33

[assignment: list of TSF data associated with a U.NORMAL or TSF data associated with documents or jobs owned by a U.NORMAL]

- refer to Table 33

[selection, choose one of: *Nobody, [selection: U.ADMINISTRATOR, the U.NORMAL to whom such TSF data are associated]*]

- refer to Table 33



Classification	TSF Data	Authorized Identified Roles	Operations
Confidential	User Password	U.NORMAL who relates	Modify
Data	(U.NORMAL)	to this TSF Data.	
		U.ADMINISTRATOR,	Modify,
		U.ACCOUNTMANAGER	Export
	Own print log, scan log, and internet Fax	U.NORMAL	Query
	transmission log		

#### Table 33TSF Data

#### (6) FMT\_SMF.1 Specification of Management Functions

### Hierarchical to:No other componentsDependencies:No dependencies.

### **FMT\_SMF.1.1** The TSF shall be capable of performing the following management functions: [assignment: *list of management functions to be provided by the TSF*].

[assignment: list of management functions to be provided by the TSF]

- refer to Table 34

#### Table 34Management Functions

SFR	Management	Management Function	Reason
FAU_GEN.1	There are no management activities foreseen.	None	-
FAU_GEN.2	There are no management activities foreseen.	None	-
FAU_SAR.1	a) maintenance (deletion, modification, addition) of the group of users with read access right to the audit records.	None	Action is fixed and not managed.
	-	Management of Audit records	-
FAU_SAR.2	There are no management activities foreseen.	None	-
FAU_STG.1	There are no management activities foreseen.	None	-
FAU_STG.4	a) maintenance (deletion, modification, addition) of actions to be taken in case of audit storage failure.	None	Action is fixed.
FCS_COP.1	There are no management activities foreseen.	None	-
FDP_ACC.1(a)	There are no management activities foreseen.	None	-
FDP_ACC.1(b)	There are no management activities foreseen.	None	-
FDP_ACF.1(a)	Managing the attributes used to make explicit access or denial based decisions.	Management of Built-in Administrator Account Password	-
FDP_ACF.1(b)	Managing the attributes used to make explicit access or denial based decisions.	None	-
	-	Management of Allocation Role Management of Permission Role	_
FDP_RIP.1	a) The choice of when to perform residual information protection (i.e. upon allocation or deallocation) could be made configurable within the TOE.	None	The overwrite function cannot be disabled.
FPT_FDI_EXP.1	a) Definition of the role(s) that are allowed to perform the management activities	None	There is no role.
	b) Management of the conditions under which direct forwarding can be allowed by an administrative role	None	There is no condition of permitting.
	c) Revocation of such an allowance	None	There is no condition of permitting.



SFR	Management	Management Function	Reason
FPT_TST.1	a) management of the conditions under which TSF self testing occurs, such as during initial start-up, regular interval, or under specified conditions	None	Action is fixed and not managed.
	b) management of the time interval if appropriate	None	Action is fixed and not managed.
FPT_STM.1	a) management of the time.	Management of time stamp setting.	-
FIA_UID.1	a) the management of the user identities;	Management of the User ID	-
	b) if an authorised administrator can change the actions allowed before identification, the managing of the action lists.	None	Action is fixed and not managed.
FIA_UAU.1	<ul> <li>a) management of the authentication data by an administrator;</li> <li>b) management of the authentication data by</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Management of the User Password</li> <li>(U.ACCOUNTMANAGE R/U.ADMINISTRATOR</li> <li>/U.NORMAL/U.AUDITO R/U.FAXOPERATOR) by</li> <li>U.ADMINISTRATOR.</li> <li>Management of the User Password</li> <li>(U.ACCOUNTMANAGE R/U.ADMINISTRATOR/ U.NORMAL/U.AUDITO R/U.FAXOPERATOR) by</li> <li>U.ACCOUNTMANAGE R</li> <li>Management of the own</li> </ul>	-
	the associated user;	<ul> <li>Wanagement of the own</li> <li>User Password</li> <li>(U.NORMAL) by</li> <li>U.NORMAL.</li> <li>Management of the own</li> <li>User Password</li> <li>(U.AUDITOR) by</li> <li>U.AUDITOR.</li> <li>Management of the User</li> <li>Password</li> <li>(U.FAXOPERATOR) by</li> <li>U.FAXOPERATOR.</li> </ul>	-
	c) managing the list of actions that can be taken before the user is authenticated.	None	Action is fixed and not managed.
FIA UAU.7	There are no management activities foreseen.	None	-
FIA_ATD.1	<ul> <li>a) if so indicated in the assignment, the authorised administrator might be able to define additional security attributes for users.</li> </ul>	None	This function is not provided.
FIA_USB.1	a) an authorised administrator can define default subject security attributes.	None	None (There is no permitted role)
	b) an authorised administrator can change subject security attributes.	None	None (There is no permitted role)
FIA_AFL.1	a) management of the threshold for unsuccessful authentication attempts;	Management of user authentication failure handling	-
	b) management of actions to be taken in the event of an authentication failure.	None	Action is fixed and not managed.
FIA_SOS.1	a) the management of the metric used to verify the secrets.	Management of user password policy	-



SFR	Management	Management Function	Reason
FTA_SSL.3	a) specification of the time of user inactivity	None	It is not possible
	after which termination of the interactive		to set it to each
	session occurs for an individual user;		individual user.
	b) specification of the default time of user	Specification of the default	
	inactivity after which termination of the	time of user inactivity after	_
	interactive session occurs.	which termination of the	
		interactive session occurs.	
FTP_ITC.1	a) Configuring the actions that require trusted channel, if supported.	Management of Network settings	-
FMT_SMR.1	a) managing the group of users that are part of	None	Action is fixed
	a role.		and not managed.
FMT_MOF.1	a) managing the group of roles that can	None	Action is fixed
_	interact with the functions in the TSF;		and not managed.
FMT_MTD.1	a) managing the group of roles that can	None	Action is fixed
_	interact with the TSF data.		and not managed.
FMT_MSA.1(a)	a) managing the group of roles that can	None	Action is fixed
	interact with the security attributes;		and not managed.
	b) management of rules by which security	None	Action is fixed
	attributes inherit specified values.		and not managed.
FMT_MSA.1(b)	a) managing the group of roles that can	None	Action is fixed
	interact with the security attributes;		and not managed.
	b) management of rules by which security	None	Action is fixed
	attributes inherit specified values.		and not managed.
FMT_MSA.3(a)	a) managing the group of roles that can	None	There is no role
	specify initial values;		that can specify
			initial value.
	b) managing the permissive or restrictive	None	The initial value
	setting of default values for a given access		is fixed and can
	control SFP;		not be changed.
	c) management of rules by which security	None	Nobody can
	attributes inherit specified values.		change the rule
FMT_MSA.3(b)	a) managing the group of roles that can	None	There is no role
	specify initial values;		that can specify
			initial value.
	b) managing the permissive or restrictive	None	The initial value
	setting of default values for a given access		is fixed and can
	control SFP;		not be changed.
	c) management of rules by which security	None	Nobody can
	attributes inherit specified values.		change the rule.
FMT_SMF.1	There are no management activities foreseen.	None	-

(7) F	MT_SMR.1	Security roles
() 1		Security 10105

Hierarchical to: Dependencies:	No other components FIA_UID.1 Timing of identification
FMT_SMR.1.1	The TSF shall maintain the roles U.ADMINISTRATOR, U.NORMAL, [selection: <i>Nobody, [assignment: the authorised identified roles]</i> ].
	[selection: Nobody, [assignment: the authorised identified roles]]
	- [assignment: the authorised identified roles]
	[assignment: the authorised identified roles]
	- refer to Table 3
FMT_SMR.1.2	The TSF shall be able to associate users with roles, except for the role "Nobody" to which no user shall be associated.

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- (8) FMT\_MOF.1
   Management of security functions behavior

   Hierarchical to:
   No other components.

   Dependencies:
   FMT\_SMR.1 Security roles

   FMT\_SMF.1 Specification of Management Functions
  - **FMT\_MOF.1.1** The TSF shall restrict the ability to [selection: determine the behaviour of, disable, enable, modify the behaviour of] the functions [assignment: list of functions] to [assignment: the authorised identified roles].

[selection: determine the behaviour of, disable, enable, modify the behaviour of]

- refer to Table 35

[assignment: *list of functions*]

- refer to Table 35

[assignment: the authorised identified roles]

- refer to Table 35

#### Table 35 Administrative Functions

Security Function	Behaviour	Role
Secure Channel	Enable/Disable	U.ADMINISTRATOR

#### 6.1.5. Class FPT: Protection of the TSF

- (1) FPT\_STM.1 Reliable time stamps Hierarchical to: No other components.
  - Dependencies: No dependencies.
  - **FPT\_STM.1.1** The TSF shall be able to provide reliable time stamps.
- (2) FPT\_TST.1 TSF testing

Hierarchical to:No other components.Dependencies:No dependencies.

**FPT\_TST.1.1** The TSF shall run a suite of self tests [selection: during initial start-up, periodically during normal operation, at the request of the authorised user, at the conditions [assignment: conditions under which self test should occur]] to demonstrate the correct operation of [selection: [assignment: parts of TSF], the TSF].

[selection: during initial start-up, periodically during normal operation, at the request of the authorised user, at the conditions [assignment: conditions under which self test should occur]]

- at the request of the authorised user

[selection: [assignment: parts of TSF], the TSF]

- the TSF

**FPT\_TST.1.2** The TSF shall provide authorised users with the capability to verify the integrity of [selection: [assignment: parts of TSF data], TSF data].

[selection: [assignment: parts of TSF data], TSF data]

- [assignment: parts of TSF data]

[assignment: parts of TSF data]

- HDD Encryption Key



FPT_TST.1.3	The TSF shall provide authorised users with the capability to verify the integrity of [selection: <i>[assignment: parts of TSF]</i> , <i>TSF</i> ].
	[Selection: [assignment: parts of TSF], TSF]
	- [assignment: parts of TSF]
	[assignment: parts of TSF]
	- stored TSF executable code

#### 6.1.6. Class FTA: TOE access

FTA_SSL.3	TSF-initiated terminatio	n	
Hierarchical to: Dependencies:	No other components. No dependencies.		
FTA_SSL.3.1	The TSF shall terminate an interactive session after a [assignment: <i>time interval of user inactivity</i> ].		
	[assignment: time interval of user inactivity]		
	- Operation Panel: - Web Application:	Auto logout time (15 - 150 sec) Auto logout time (5 - 999 min)	

#### 6.1.7. Class FCS: Cryptographic support

The following functional requirements are supplemental requirement for PP.

FCS_COP.1	Cryptographic Operation
Hierarchical to: Dependencies:	No other components. [FDP_ITC.1 Import of user data without security attributes, or FDP_ITC.2 Import of user data with security attributes, or FCS_CKM.1 Cryptographic key generation] FCS_CKM.4 Cryptographic key destruction
FCS_COP.1.1	The TSF shall perform [assignment: <i>list of cryptographic operations</i> ] in accordance with a specified cryptographic algorithm [assignment: <i>cryptographic algorithm</i> ] and cryptographic key sizes [assignment: <i>cryptographic key sizes</i> ] that meet the following: [assignment: <i>list of standards</i> ].
	[assignment: list of cryptographic operations]
	- refer to Table 36
	[assignment: cryptographic algorithm]
	- refer to Table 36
	[assignment: cryptographic key sizes]
	- refer to Table 36
	[assignment: list of standards]

- refer to Table 36

 Table 36
 Cryptographic Operations

Operation	Algorithm	Cryptographic key sizes	Standards
Encrypt D.DOC which is written in the HDD and decrypt D.DOC which is retrieved from	AES	128 bit	FIPS PUB 197
the HDD.			



#### 6.2. SFR Package functions

Functions perform processing, storage, and transmission of data that may be present in HCD products. The functions that are allowed, but not required in any particular conforming Security Target or Protection Profile, are listed in Table 37.

Designation	Definition
F.PRT	<b>Printing</b> : a function in which electronic document input is converted to physical
	document output.
F.SCN	Scanning: a function in which physical document input is converted to electronic
	document output.
F.CPY	<b>Copying:</b> a function in which physical document input is duplicated to physical
	document output.
F.DSR	Document storage and retrieval: a function in which a document is stored during
	one job and retrieved during one or more subsequent jobs.
F.SMI	Shared-medium interface: a function that transmits or receives User Data or TSF
	Data over a communications medium which is or can be shared by other users, such
	as wired network media.

Table 37	SFR Package Functions
----------	-----------------------

#### 6.3. SFR Package attributes

When a function is performing processing, storage, or transmission of data, the identity of the function is associated with that particular data as a security attribute. This attribute in the TOE model makes it possible to distinguish differences in Security Functional Requirements that depend on the function being performed. The attributes that are allowed, but not required in any particular conforming Security Target or Protection Profile, are listed in Table 38.

Table 38	SFR Package Attribute	es
----------	-----------------------	----

Designation	Definition
+PRT	Indicates data that is associated with a print job.
+SCN	Indicates data that is associated with a scan job.
+CPY	Indicates data that is associated with a copy job.
+DSR	Indicates data that is associated with a document storage and retrieval job.
+SMI	Indicates data that is transmitted or received over a shared-medium interface.

### 6.4. 2600.1-PRT SFR Package for Hardcopy Device Print Functions, Operational Environment A

This SFR package as a minimum, provides access controls for releasing pending hardcopy output to a Hardcopy Output Handler. In this ST, the SFR of PRT-SFR Package is included in the description of 6.1.2.

### 6.5. 2600.1-SCN SFR Package for Hardcopy Device Scan Functions, Operational Environment A

This SFR package as a minimum, provides access controls for transmitting scanned documents to another IT device. It is used to specify additional rules for previewing scanned documents before transmitting them to another IT device. In this ST, the SFR of SCN-SFR Package is included in the description of 6.1.2.

## 6.6. 2600.1-CPY SFR Package for Hardcopy Device Copy Functions, Operational Environment A

This SFR package as a minimum, provides access controls for releasing pending copies of documents to a Hardcopy Output Handler. In this ST, the SFR of CPY-SFR Package is included in the description of 6.1.2.

## 6.7. 2600.1-DSR SFR Package for Hardcopy Device Document Storage and Retrieval Functions, Operational Environment A

This SFR package as a minimum provides access controls for storing and retrieving documents. In this ST, the SFR of DSR-SFR Package is included in the description of 6.1.2.



#### 6.8. 2600.1-SMI SFR Package for Hardcopy Device Shared-medium Interface Functions, Operational Environment A

This SFR package must be applied to a conforming Security Target or Protection Profile if its target of evaluation performs an F.SMI function as defined in clause 6.2 As a minimum, the package provides protection for data that is transmitted over shared-medium interfaces and, if needed, management control of data transmission involving shared-medium interfaces.

#### 6.8.1. Class FTP: Trusted paths/channels

FTP_ITC.1	Inter-TSF trusted channel
Hierarchical to: Dependencies:	No other components No dependencies
FTP_ITC.1.1	The TSF shall provide a communication channel between itself and another trusted IT product that is logically distinct from other communication channels and provides assured identification of its end points and protection of the communicated data from modification or disclosure.
FTP_ITC.1.2	The TSF shall permit the TSF, another trusted IT product to initiate communication via the trusted channel.
FTP_ITC.1.3	The TSF shall initiate communication via the trusted channel for communication of D.DOC, D.FUNC, D.PROT, and D.CONF over any Shared-medium Interface.

#### 6.8.2. Class FPT: Protection of the TSF

FPT_FDI_EXP.1	Restricted forwarding of data to external interfaces
Hierarchical to: Dependencies:	No other components. FMT_SMF.1 Specification of Management Functions FMT_SMR.1 Security roles

**FPT\_FDI\_EXP.1.1** The TSF shall provide the capability to restrict data received on any external Interface from being *forwarded* without further processing by the TSF to any Shared-medium Interface.

#### 6.9. Security assurance requirements

The Table below lists the security assurance requirements for IEEE Std 2600.1-PP, Protection Profile for Hardcopy Devices, Operational Environment A, and related SFR packages, EAL 3 augmented by ALC\_FLR.2. In this ST, these SAR are used.

Assurance Class	Assurance Components
ADV: Development	ADV_ARC.1 Security architecture description
	ADV_FSP.3 Functional specification with complete summary
	ADV_TDS.2 Architectural design
AGD: Guidance documents	AGD_OPE.1 Operational user guidance
	AGD_PRE.1 Preparative procedures
ALC: Life-cycle support	ALC_CMC.3 Authorization controls
	ALC_CMS.3 Implementation representation CM coverage
	ALC_DEL.1 Delivery procedures
	ALC_DVS.1 Identification of security measures
	ALC_FLR.2 Flaw reporting procedures (augmentation of EAL3)
	ALC_LCD.1 Developer defined life-cycle model
ASE: Security Target evaluation	ASE_CCL.1 Conformance claims
	ASE_ECD.1 Extended components definition

 Table 39
 IEEE Std 2600.1 Security Assurance Requirements

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Assurance Class	Assurance Components			
	ASE_INT.1 ST introduction			
	ASE_OBJ.2 Security objectives			
	ASE_REQ.2 Derived security requirements			
	ASE_SPD.1 Security problem definition			
	ASE_TSS.1 TOE summary specification			
ATE: Tests	ATE_COV.2 Analysis of coverage			
	ATE_DPT.1 Testing: basic design			
	ATE_FUN.1 Functional testing			
	ATE_IND.2 Independent testing – sample			
AVA: Vulnerability assessment	AVA_VAN.2 Vulnerability analysis			

#### 6.10. Security requirements rationale

#### 6.10.1. Common security requirements rationale

Table 40 and Table 41 demonstrate the completeness and sufficiency of SFRs that fulfill the objectives of the TOE. **Bold typeface** items provide principal (P) fulfillment of the objectives, and normal typeface items provide supporting (S) fulfillment.

		Objectives											
						<u> </u>	jetuv	63					
SFRs	0.DOC.NO_DIS	0.DOC.N0_ALT	O.FUNC.NO_ALT	0.PROT.NO_ALT	0.CONF.NO_DIS	0.CONF.N0_ALT	<b>O.USER.AUTHORIZED</b>	<b>O.INTERFACE.MANAGED</b>	<b>O.SOFTWARE.VERIFIED</b>	0.AUDIT.LOGGED	<b>0.CRYPTOGRAPHY</b>	0.AUDIT_ACCESS.AUTHORIZED	0.AUDIT_STORAGE.PROTECTED
FAU_SAR.1												Р	
FAU_SAR.2												Р	
FAU_STG.1													Р
FAU_STG.4													Р
FAU_GEN.1										Р			
FAU_GEN.2										Р			
FDP_ACC.1(a)	Р	Р	Р										
FDP_ACC.1(b)							Р						
FDP_ACF.1(a)	S	S	S										
FDP_ACF.1(b)							S						
FDP_RIP.1	Р												
FIA_ATD.1							S						
FIA_UAU.1							Р	Р					
FIA_UAU.7							S	S					
FIA_UID.1	S	S	S	S	S	S	Р	Р		S			
FIA_AFL.1							Р						
FIA_USB.1							Р						
FMT_MSA.1(a)	S	S	S										
FMT_MSA.1(b)							S						
	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	

 Table 40
 Completeness of Common Security Requirements

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			-	-	-	Ob	jectiv	es	-	-	-	-	
SFRs	0.DOC.NO_DIS	0.DOC.N0_ALT	0.FUNC.NO_ALT	0.PROT.NO_ALT	0.CONF.NO_DIS	0.CONF.NO_ALT	<b>O.USER.AUTHORIZED</b>	0.INTERFACE.MANAGED	<b>O.SOFTWARE.VERIFIED</b>	0.AUDIT.LOGGED	0.CRYPTOGRAPHY	0.AUDIT_ACCESS.AUTHORIZED	0.AUDIT_STORAGE.PROTECTED
FMT_MSA.3(a)	S	S	S										
FMT_MSA.3(b)							S						
FMT_MTD.1				Р	Р	Р							
FMT_SMF.1	S	S	S	S	S	S							
FMT_SMR.1	S	S	S	S	S	S	S		_				
FMT_MOF.1	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S					
FPT_STM.1										S			
FPT_TST.1									Р				
FTA_SSL.3							Р	Р					
FIA_SOS.1							S	S					
FCS_COP.1											Р		

 Table 41
 Sufficiency of Common Security Requirements

Objectives	Description	SFRs	Purpose
O.DOC.NO_DIS	Protection of	FDP_ACC.1(a)	Enforces protection by
O.DOC.NO_ALT	User Data from		establishing an access
O.FUNC.NO_ALT	unauthorized		control policy.
	disclosure or	FDP_ACF.1(a)	Supports access control
	alteration		policy by providing
			access control function.
		FIA_UID.1	Supports access control
			and security roles by
			requiring user
			identification.
		FMT_MSA.1(a)	Supports access control
			function by enforcing
			control of security
			attributes.
		FMT_MSA.3(a)	Supports access control
			function by enforcing
			control of security
			attribute defaults.
		FMT_SMF.1	Supports control of
			security attributes by
			requiring functions to
			control attributes.
		FMT_SMR.1	Supports control of
			security attributes by
			requiring security
			roles.



Objectives	Description	SFRs	Purpose
		FMT_MOF.1	Supports protection by
			management of
			security functions
	Protection of	EDD DID 1	behavior.
O.DOC.NO_DIS	User Document	FDP_RIP.1	Enforces protection by making residual data
	Data from		unavailable.
	unauthorized		unavanable.
	disclosure		
O.CONF.NO DIS	Protection of	FIA UID.1	Supports access control
O.PROT.NO_ALT	TSF Data from	-	and security roles by
O.CONF.NO_ALT	unauthorized		requiring user
	disclosure or		identification.
	alteration	FMT_MTD.1	Enforces protection by
			restricting access.
		FMT_SMF.1	Supports control of
			security attributes by
			requiring functions to control attributes.
		FMT SMR.1	Supports control of
		FWH _5WIK.1	security attributes by
			requiring security
			roles.
		FMT MOF.1	Supports protection by
		_	management of
			security functions
			behavior.
O.USER.AUTHORIZED	Authorization of	FDP_ACC.1(b)	Enforces authorization
	Normal Users and		by establishing an
	Administrators to use the TOE	EDD ACE 1(L)	access control policy.
	use the TOE	FDP_ACF.1(b)	Supports access control policy by providing
			access control function.
		FIA_ATD.1	Supports authorization
			by associating security
			attributes with users.
		FIA_UAU.1	Enforces authorization
		_	by requiring user
			authentication.
		FIA_UAU.7	Support authorization
			by requiring user
			authentication. Enforces authorization
		FIA_UID.1	by requiring user
			identification.
		FIA_AFL.1	Enforces authorization
			by requiring access
			control.
		FIA_USB.1	Enforces authorization
		_	by distinguishing
			subject security
			attributes associated
			with user roles.
		FMT_MSA.1(b)	Supports access control
			function by enforcing
			control of security
			attributes.



Objectives	Description	SFRs	Purpose
		FMT_MSA.3(b)	Supports access control
			function by enforcing
			control of security
			attribute defaults.
		FMT_SMR.1	Supports control of
			security attributes by
			requiring security
			roles.
		FMT_MOF.1	Supports protection by
			management of
			security functions
			behavior.
		FTA_SSL.3	Enforces authorization
			by terminating inactive
			sessions.
		FIA_SOS.1	Support authorization
			by requiring
			specification of secrets.
O.INTERFACE.MANAGED	Management of	FIA_UAU.1	Enforces management
	external interfaces		of channels by
			requiring user
			authentication.
		FIA_UAU.7	Support authorization
		-	by requiring user
			authentication.
		FIA UID.1	Enforces management
			of channels by
			requiring user
			identification.
		FMT_MOF.1	Supports protection by
			management of
			security functions
			behavior.
		FTA SSL.3	Enforces management
		_	of channels by
			terminating inactive
			sessions.
		FIA SOS.1	Enforces authorization
		_	by requiring
			specification of secrets.
O.SOFTWARE.VERIFIED	Verification of	FPT TST.1	Enforces verification
	software integrity	-	of software by
			requiring self-tests.
O.AUDIT.LOGGED	Logging and	FAU_GEN.1	Enforces audit policies
	authorized access	_	by requiring logging of
	to audit events		relevant events.
		FAU_GEN.2	Enforces audit policies
		_	by requiring logging of
			information associated
			with audited events.
		FIA UID.1	Supports audit policies
		_	by associating user
			identity with events.
		FPT STM.1	Supports audit policies
			by requiring
			timestamps associated
			with events.
O.CRYPTOGRAPHY	The encryption	FCS COP.1	Enforces cryptographic



Objectives	Description	SFRs	Purpose
O.AUDIT_ACCESS.AUTHORIZED	Protection of audit	FAU_SAR.1	Enforces audit policies
	records from		by providing security
	unauthorized		audit record.
	access, deletion,	FAU_SAR.2	Enforces audit policies
	and modification.		by restricting reading
			of security audit
			records.
O.AUDIT_STORAGE.PROTECTED	Protection of	FAU_STG.1	Enforces audit policies
	audit trail		by protecting from
	storage and		unauthorised deletion
	prevention of		and/or modification.
	audit data loss.	FAU_STG.4	Enforces audit policies
			by preventing audit
			data loss.



#### 6.10.2. PRT security requirements rationale

Table 42 and Table 43 demonstrate the completeness and sufficiency of SFRs that fulfill the objectives of the TOE. **Bold typeface** items provide principal (P) fulfillment of the objectives, and normal typeface items provide supporting (S) fulfillment.

Table 42 C	ompleteness of PRT	security requirements
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SFRs	Objectives SIQ <sup>-</sup> ON.'OO
FDP_ACC.1	Р
FDP_ACF.1	S

 Table 43
 Sufficiency of PRT security requirements

Objectives	Description	SFRs	Purpose
O.DOC.NO_DIS	Protection of User	FDP_ACC.1	Enforces protection by establishing an
	Document Data		access control policy.
	from unauthorized	FDP_ACF.1	Supports access control policy by
	disclosure		providing access control function.

#### 6.10.3. SCN security requirements rationale

Table 44 and Table 45 demonstrate the completeness and sufficiency of SFRs that fulfill the objectives of the TOE. **Bold typeface** items provide principal (P) fulfillment of the objectives, and normal typeface items provide supporting (S) fulfillment.

#### Table 44 Completeness of SCN security requirements

SFRs	Objectives SIQ_ON.OOU.O
FDP_ACC.1	Р
FDP_ACF.1	S

Table 45	Sufficiency	of SCN	security	requirements
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Objectives	Description	SFRs	Purpose
O.DOC.NO_DIS	Protection of User	FDP_ACC.1	Enforces protection by establishing an
	Document Data		access control policy.
	from unauthorized disclosure	FDP_ACF.1	Supports access control policy by providing access control function.



#### 6.10.4. CPY security requirements rationale

Table 46 and Table 47 demonstrate the completeness and sufficiency of SFRs that fulfill the objectives of the TOE. **Bold typeface** items provide principal (P) fulfillment of the objectives, and normal typeface items provide supporting (S) fulfillment.

Table 46	<b>Completeness of CPY security requirements</b>
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SFRs	Objectives SIQ <sup>-</sup> ON:DOO:00
FDP ACC.1	Р
FDP_ACF.1	S

Table 47	Sufficiency of	CPY	security	requirements
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Objectives	Description	SFRs	Purpose
O.DOC.NO_DIS	Protection of User	FDP_ACC.1	Enforces protection by establishing an
	Document Data		access control policy.
	from unauthorized	FDP_ACF.1	Supports access control policy by providing
	disclosure		access control function.

#### 6.10.5. DSR security requirements rationale

Table 48 and Table 49 demonstrate the completeness and sufficiency of SFRs that fulfill the objectives of the TOE. **Bold typeface** items provide principal (P) fulfillment of the objectives, and normal typeface items provide supporting (S) fulfillment.

Table 48	<b>Completeness of DSR security requirements</b>
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SFRs	Objectives SIQ <sup>-</sup> ON
FDP_ACC.1	Р
FDP_ACF.1	S

Table 49	Sufficiency of DSR	security requirements
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Objectives	Description	SFRs	Purpose
O.DOC.NO_DIS	Protection of User Document Data	FDP_ACC.1	Enforces protection by establishing an access control policy.
	from unauthorized disclosure or alteration	FDP_ACF.1	Supports access control policy by providing access control function.



#### 6.10.6. SMI security requirements rationale

Table 50 and Table 51 demonstrate the completeness and sufficiency of SFRs that fulfill the objectives of the TOE. **Bold typeface** items provide principal (P) fulfillment of the objectives, and normal typeface items provide supporting (S) fulfillment.

		Objectives						
SFRs	0.DOC.NO_DIS	0.DOC.NO_ALT	O.FUNC.NO_ALT	O.PROT.NO_ALT	O.CONF.NO_DIS	O.CONF.NO_ALT	<b>O.INTERFACE.MANAGED</b>	0.AUDIT.LOGGED
FAU_GEN.1								P
FPT_FDI_EXP.1							Р	
FTP_ITC.1	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р		

 Table 50
 Completeness of SMI security requirements

#### Table 51 Sufficiency of SMI security requirements

Objectives	Description	SFRs	Purpose
O.DOC.NO_DIS	Protection of User	FTP_ITC.1	Enforces protection by
O.DOC.NO_ALT	and TSF Data		requiring the use of trusted
O.FUNC.NO_ALT	from unauthorized		channels for communication
O.PROT.NO_ALT	disclosure or		of data over Shared-medium
O.CONF.NO_DIS	alteration		Interfaces.
O.CONF.NO_ALT			
O.INTERFACE.MANAGED	Management of external interface channels	FPT_FDI_EXP.1	Enforces management of external interfaces by requiring (as needed) administrator control of data transmission from external Interfaces to Shared-medium Interfaces
O.AUDIT.LOGGED	Logging and authorized access to audit events	FAU_GEN.1	Enforces audit policies by requiring logging of relevant events.



#### 6.10.7. Dependencies of Security Functional Requirements

Table 52 describes the functional requirements that are depended on by security functional requirements.

SFRs	Required	Fulfilled	Un-fulfilled Dependence in ST
FAU GEN.1	Dependence FPT STM.1	<b>Dependence in ST</b> FPT STM.1	None
FAU GEN.2	FAU GEN.1	FAU GEN.1,	None
	FIA UID.1	FIA UID.1	
FAU SAR.1	FAU GEN.1	FAU GEN.1	None
FAU_SAR.2	FAU_SAR.1	FAU_SAR.1	None
FAU_STG.1	FAU_GEN.1	FAU_GEN.1	None
FAU_STG.4	FAU_STG.1	FAU_STG.1	None
FDP_ACC.1(a)	FDP_ACF.1	FDP_ACF.1(a)	None
FDP_ACC.1(b)	FDP_ACF.1	FDP_ACF.1(b)	None
FDP_ACF.1(a)	FDP_ACC.1	FDP_ACC.1(a),	None
EDD ACE $1(h)$	FMT_MSA.3	FMT_MSA.3(a)	None
FDP_ACF.1(b)	FDP_ACC.1 FMT_MSA.3	FDP_ACC.1(b), FMT_MSA.3(b)	None
FDP RIP.1	None	None	None
FIA ATD.1	None	None	None
FIA UAU.1	FIA UID.1	FIA_UID.1	None
FIA UAU.7	FIA UAU.1	FIA UAU.1	None
FIA UID.1	None	None	None
FIA USB.1	FIA ATD.1	FIA ATD.1	The user security attribute is associated with
			the subject every time the user enters the value
			to the e-Filing Box Password. Thus the user attribute definition relevant to the e-Filing Box
			Password is not required.
FIA AFL.1	FIA UAU.1	FIA UAU.1	None
FIA SOS.1	None	None	None
FMT MSA.1(a)	FDP ACC.1	FDP ACC.1(a),	None
(i)	FMT SMR.1	FMT SMR.1,	
	FMT_SMF.1	FMT_SMF.1	
FMT_MSA.1(b)	FDP_ACC.1	FDP_ACC.1(b),	None
	FMT_SMR.1	FMT_SMR.1,	
	FMT_SMF.1	FMT_SMF.1	
FMT_MSA.3(a)	FMT_MSA.1 FMT_SMR.1	FMT_MSA.1(a), FMT_SMR.1	None
FMT MSA.3(b)	FMT_SMR.1	FMT MSA.1(b),	None
1 111_115/1.5(0)	FMT_SMR.1	FMT_SMR.1	
FMT MTD.1	FMT SMR.1	FMT SMR.1	None
FMT_SMF.1	None	None	None
FMT_SMR.1	FIA_UID.1	FIA_UID.1	None
FMT_MOF.1	FMT_SMR.1	FMT_SMR.1,	None
	FMT_SMF.1	FMT_SMF.1	
FPT_STM.1	None	None	None
FPT_TST.1	None	None	None
FTA_SSL.3	None	None	None
FPT_FDI_EXP.1	FMT_SMF.1	FMT_SMF.1, FMT_SMR.1	None
FCS_COP.1	FMT_SMR.1 [FDP_ITC.1 or	None	Because the HDD Encryption Key for each
	FDP_ITC.1 of		machine has been already created and retained,
	FCS CKM.1]		the HDD Encryption Key will not be created
	FCS CKM.4		nor disposed during operating the TOE. It is
	_		also impossible to read or modify the HDD
			Encryption Key.
FTP_ITC.1	None	None	None

 Table 52
 Dependencies of Security Functional Requirements



#### 6.10.8. Security Assurance Requirements Rationale

This TOE is a digital multi functional peripheral which is commercially available. Because this TOE is supposed to be used in a general office, chance of an attack will be restricted. Thus, threat agents which have basic attack ability is assumed for this TOE. In order to counter the threat agents, it is decided to evaluate the range covered by analysis of the security policies for the TOE development (organized analysis and test of the design, and safety development environment). Failure report procedure for failure found after the operation starts is structured so that the TOE operates continuously and securely. Therefore, EAL3+ALC\_FLR.2 warranty package is applicable for the evaluation warranty level to this TOE. In addition, because SAR is the same as PP in this ST, dependency property is satisfied.



### 7. TOE SUMMARY SPECIFICATION

This section provides the mapping between the TOE Security Functional Requirements (SFRs) and the security functions implemented in the TOSHIBA e-STUDIO5540C/6540C/6550C Multifunctional Digital Systems product. Table 53 shows the correspondences between SFRs and TOE security functions.

	Security Function							
SFRs	User Authentication	User Access Control	Data Encryption	Audit Data Generation and Review	Secure Erase	Secure Channel	TSF Self Protection	TSF Data Protection
FAU_GEN.1				✓				
FAU_GEN.2				✓				
FAU_SAR.1				1				
FAU_SAR.2				1				
FAU_STG.1				✓				
FAU_STG.4				✓				
FCS_COP.1			✓					
FDP_ACC.1(a)		✓						
FDP_ACC.1(b)		✓						
FDP_ACF.1(a)		✓						
FDP_ACF.1(b)		✓						
FDP_RIP.1					✓			
FPT_FDI_EXP.1						1		
FPT_TST.1							~	
FPT_STM.1				✓				
FIA_UID.1	✓							
FIA_UAU.1	✓							
FIA_UAU.7	1							
FIA_ATD.1		1						
FIA_USB.1		1						
FIA_AFL.1	1							
FIA_SOS.1	1							1
FTA_SSL.3	1							
FTP_ITC.1						1		
FMT_SMR.1								1
FMT_MOF.1								1
FMT_MTD.1								1
FMT_SMF.1								✓
FMT_MSA.1(a)								1
FMT_MSA.1(b)								1
FMT_MSA.3(a)								1
FMT_MSA.3(b)								1

 Table 53
 Correspondences between SFRs and TOE Security Functions

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FAU\_GEN.1 is realized by the following:

The TOE creates the audit log when an audit event occurs, and records it in the audit log file as shown in Table 54.

Logged Events	Audit Log
Start-up/finish of the audit function	• Date/Time
Success/Failure of Login	• Error Level
(Based on verification of User ID or Password)	• Message
Release of login denied	• Error Code
Login refusal by the certification trial number	• User Name
of times over	
Failure of login password modify	
Success of Reading/Deletion demand of User	
documents	
Success of Reading/Modify/Deletion demand	
of Address Book	
Reading/Modify/Deletion demand of Queue	
Success/Failure of Encryption	
Success/Failure of Decryption	
Success of Print demand	
Success of Scan demand	
Success of Copy demand	
Success of e-Filing function demand	
Termination of JOB	
Modify the time	
Termination of session due to time limit	
Failure client authentication SSL	
Failure of binding User Token	
Use of the management functions	

 Table 54
 Logged Event and Audit Log

The TOE appends the following data to the event to be audited.

- Date/Time: A time when error/event occurred
- Error Level: Event category and degree of importance
- Message: A sentence which explains the contents of the event
- Error Code: An event is defined as a code and expressed as 4-digit hexadecimal.
- User Name: Logged in User Name

#### FAU\_GEN.2 is realized by following:

When each event to be audited occurs, the TOE appends the User ID of a user who caused the event to the audit log.

#### FAU\_SAR.1 is realized by following:

- The TOE provides a function by which U.NORMAL can refer to only the Job Log which is executed by the U.NORMAL on the control panel and TopAccess in the text format.
- The TOE provides a function by which U.ADMINISTRATOR or U.AUDITOR can refer to all log informations on TopAccess in the text format.
- The TOE provides a function by which U.ADMINISTRATOR or U.AUDITOR can refer to all Job logs on the control panel in the text format.
- The TOE provides a function by which U.ADMINISTRATOR can refer to all log informations by exporting in the format of XML or CSV.
- The TOE provides a function by which U.FAXOPERATOR can refer to the Internet Fax Transmission Log which is executed by the U.FAXOPERATOR on the control panel and TopAccess in the text format.



FAU\_SAR.2 is realized by following:

- The TOE denies a read operation of the Jog log which is not executed by himself to the U.NORMAL.
- The TOE denies a read operation of the Internet Fax transmission log which is not executed by himself to the U.FAXOPERATOR.
- · The TOE prohibits U.ACCOUNTMANAGER from accessing all Job logs and all Message logs.
- The TOE permits U.ADMINISTRATOR or U.AUDITOR to execute read operation for all Job logs and all Message logs.

#### FAU\_STG.1 is realized by following:

- The TOE provides only U.ADMINISTRATOR with an operation function to delete all Job logs and Message logs.
- The TOE does not provide an interface which executes modification operation to all Job logs and all Message logs.

#### FAU\_STG.4 is realized by following:

The TOE can record a new audit log data without any damage by overwriting the oldest audit log data when the audit log becomes full.

#### FCS\_COP.1 is realized using the following:

The TOE provides a function that encrypts D.DOC which is written in HDD with FIPS PUB 197-compliant AES encryption algorithm using 128 bit-length encryption key and decrypts D.DOC when retrieving it from the HDD.

FDP\_ACC.1(a), FDP\_ACF.1(a) are realized by using a combination of the following:

- The TOE denies deletion operation of targeted D.DOC for the U.NORMAL who does not have the User ID which executes D.DOC job operation regarding Copy, Print, Scan, and Internet Fax transmission.
- The TOE permits deletion operation of D.DOC regarding Copy, Print, and Scan to the U.ADMINISTRATOR.
- The TOE permits deletion operation and modification operation of Address Book which is used for Scanning and e-Filing to the U.ADMINISTRATOR.
- The TOE does not execute access restriction for D.DOC by which the U.NORMAL executes Copy operation.
- The TOE denies Print operation of targeted D.DOC for the U.NORMAL who does not have the User ID which stores the D.DOC to be printed to the TOE.
- The TOE permits Print operation of Internet Fax-received document for the U.FAXOPERATOR.
- The TOE permits deletion operation of D.DOC regarding print to the U.FAXOPERATOR.
- The TOE denies an operation to delete a print job from the Print Hold Queue for the U.NORMAL who does not have the User ID which saved the targeted D.DOC to the TOE.
- The TOE permits an operation to delete a print job in the Print Hold Queue for the U.ADMINISTRATOR or U.FAXOPERATOR.
- The TOE denies modification operation of the Print Job in the Print Hold Queue by any U.USER.
- The TOE denies modification operation and deletion operation of the Internet Fax reception Print Job in the Print Hold Queue by any U.USER.
- The TOE permits an operation to transfer target D.DOC to the file server for the U.NORMAL who has the User ID which executed scanning job operation by copying.
- The TOE permits an operation to preview and transfer target D.DOC to outside, such as the file server, for the U.NORMAL who has the User ID which executed scanning job operation.
- The TOE permits an alteration per page of target D.DOC for the U.NORMAL who has the User ID which executed scanning job operation.
- The TOE permits a modification operation per page of D.DOC for the U.NORMAL or U.FAXOPERATOR who has the User ID which executed scanning operation by Internet Fax operation.
- The TOE permits preview operation, print operation, and Export operation to the client PC of D.DOC for the U.NORMAL or U.ADMINISTRATOR when the e-Filing Box Password entered by the U.NORMAL or U.ADMINISTRATOR matches the e-Filing Box Password of the D.DOC.
- The TOE permits Preview operation, deletion operation, modification operation, and export operation to the client PC for the U.NORMAL and U.ADMINISTRATOR when the e-Filing Box Password entered by the U.NORMAL or U.ADMINISTRATOR matches the password of the Built-in Administrator Account.
- The TOE permits deletion operation of D.DOC regarding e-Filing for the U.ADMINISTRATOR.



FDP\_ACC.1(b), FDP\_ACF.1(b) are realized by using a combination of the following:

The TOE provides an access control that can execute the Print function, Scan function, Copy function, and e-Filing function by a user. These functions will be available to a user when U.ADMINISTRATOR allocates the Role expressly.

- The TOE permits to execute print functions for the U.NORMAL or U.FAXOPERATOR if the Allocation Role of the U.NORMAL or U.FAXOPERATOR is included in the Permission Role of F.PRT.
- The TOE permits to execute scanning functions for the U.NORMAL or U.FAXOPERATOR if the Allocation Role of the U.NORMAL or U.FAXOPERATOR is included in the Permission Role of F.SCN.
- The TOE permits to execute copy functions for the U.NORMAL if the Allocation Role of the U.NORMAL is included in the Permission Role of F.CPY.
- The TOE permits to execute e-Filing functions for the U.NORMAL if the Allocation Role of the U.NORMAL is included in the Permission Role of F.DSR.

#### **FDP\_RIP.1** is realized by the following:

The TOE frees assignment of the storage area on the HDD after overwriting 00h, FFh and random data on a deleted D.DOC in order. The TOE provides a function which deletes remaining information of the deleted D.DOC so as to prevent it from being restored and decrypted by this overwriting method.

#### **FPT\_FDI\_EXP.1** is realized using the following:

The TOE controls not to permit to relay data entered from an external interface to the TOE to the Shared medium interface. This function prevents direct access to the Shared medium interface from an external interface of the TOE.

#### **FPT\_TST.1** is realized by the following:

The TOE executes TSF self test upon U.ADMINISTRATOR's request, verify integrity of all TSF execution codes and also verify integrity of HDD encryption key, which is TSF data, in order to verify TSF normal operation. In the case that abnormality is found on the test, an error message appears on the control panel and all functions other than the control panel are disabled so that the user cannot use the TOE.

#### **FPT\_STM.1** is realized by the following:

The TOE provides a time stamp (year, month, day, hour, minute, and second) for recording to the audit log.

#### FIA\_UID.1, FIA\_UAU.1 are realized using the following mechanism:

The TOE requires a user to be identified and authenticated. The user identification and authentication is performed against an internal user accounts' database, in case an internal user management function is used. If User ID and Password do not match the internally stored credentials then access is denied and the user is prompted again. However, when print data from the printer driver is stored in the TOE, identification by the entered user ID is required to succeed before the storage. When storing emails from the mail server to the TOE, the TOE stores them without the identification and the authentication.

#### FIA\_UAU.7 is realized using the following:

The TOE displays dummy characters (e.g. "\*") in place of the input characters on the operation screen when the user inputs the password.

#### **FIA\_ATD.1** is realized using the following:

- The TOE associates the User ID, the Allocation Role, and the Role to the User as the security attribute, registers and retains it.
- The TOE recognizes the Allocation Role and Role from the User ID of a user whose identity is authenticated, and allows only U. ADMINISTRATOR and U.ACCOUNTMANAGER to modify the Allocation Role and modify and delete the Role.



FIA\_USB.1 is realized using the following:

- The TOE associates the User ID, the Allocation Role, and the Role with the user who has succeeded in identity authentication.
- The TOE associates the e-Filing Box Password which is entered when accessing the e-Filing Box or Built-in Administrator Account Password with the user who has entered the password.

#### **FIA\_AFL.1** is realized using the following:

The TOE provides a function that locks a user out when the user fails in authentication.

• The TOE counts the number of failures during the specified period of time set by the U.ADMINISTRATOR per each User ID that tries to log in, and resets the number of failures to 0 when the user succeeds in login. When the number of failures of successive user authentication exceeds the allowable number of times set by U.ADMINISTRATOR (1 through 30 times), the TOE locks the User ID out for a certain period of time.

The TOE provides a function to unlock the lockout of the User ID which is locked out.

- <u>Automatic unlocking</u>: The lockout is automatically unlocked when the time reaches the unlock time set by U.ADMINISTRATOR per each User ID.
- <u>Unlocking by U.ADMINISTRATOR</u>: Unlocking of lockout by specifying the User ID which is under account lockout state by U.ADMINISTRATOR.

#### FIA\_SOS.1 is realized using the following:

The TOE provides a function to inspect User Password at the time of registration/change of User Password or login of the user as shown in Table 25.

#### FTA\_SSL.3 is realized using the following:

If a user does not operate on the control panel on the TOE for the set period of times, the TOE forcibly logs out. The set period is settable from 15 through 150 seconds. In addition, the TOE forcibly terminates the network session and logs out when the set period of time has passed after the final operation of the TOE using Web Application. The set period is settable from 5 through 999 minutes.

#### **FTP\_ITC.1** is realized by the following:

The TOE executes SSL communication so as to protect data during communication with the Client PC and among each types of server. For Scan job, e-mail reception, and Internet Fax transmission, TSF requests to start SSL communication when accessing the email server or saving a file to the filing box of the remote file server, and TSF starts communication after receiving the request to start SSL communication from the Client PC using Client Utility Software or the web browser.

#### FMT\_SMR.1 is realized using the following:

The TOE retains Role associated with U.ADMINISTRATOR, U.ACCOUNTMANAGER, U.NORMAL, U.AUDITOR, and U.FAXOPERATOR and associates the Role to the appropriate user when registering a user.

#### **FMT\_MOF.1** is realized using the following:

The TOE provides a function to refer to Secure Channel function setting and to switch Enable/Disable setting only for U.ADMINOSTRATOR.

#### **FMT\_MTD.1** is realized using the following:

The TOE provides U.ADMINISTRATOR with the following operation functions.

- Query, Deletion and Export of all Jog Logs
- Query, Deletion and Export of all Message Logs
- Modification and Export of U.ADMINISTRATOR's User Password
- Modification and Export of U.ACCOUNTMANAGER's User Password
- Modification and Export of U.AUDITOR's User Password
- · Modification and Export of U.FAXOPERATOR's User Password



- · Modification and Export of U.NORMAL's User Password
- Modification of ACL information
- Modification of the allowable number of entry of Login Password
- Modification of Lockout Time
- Status Clear for Locked-out Account
- Modification of Auto Logout Time
- Modification of Date and Time Information
- Modification of User Password Policy Information

The TOE provides U.AUDITOR with the following operation functions.

- Query of all Jog Logs
- Query of all Message Logs
- Modification of the own User Password

The TOE provides U.FAXOPERATOR with the following operation functions.

- · Query of Internet Fax transmission own job log
- Modification of the own User Password

The TOE provides U.ACCOUNTMANAGER with the following operation functions.

- Modification of the U.ADMINISTRATOR's User Password
- Modification of the U.ACCOUNTMANAGER's User Password
- Modification and Export of U.AUDITOR's User Password
- Modification and Export of U.FAXOPERATOR's User Password
- Modification and Export of U.U.NORMAL's User Password
- Deletion and Modification of ACL Information
- Status Clear for Locked-out Account

The TOE provides U.NORMAL with the following operation functions.

- · Query operation of own print log, scan log, and internet Fax transmission log...
- Modification of the own User Password

The TOE does not provide a function to operate the HDD Encryption Key.

FMT\_SMF.1 is realized using the following:

The TOE realizes FMT\_SMF.1 by providing the following security management functions.

Management of Audit records:

- Query, Delete and Export operations for all Job logs and all Message logs by the U.ADMINISTRATOR.
- Query operation for all Job logs and all Message logs by the U.AUDITOR.
- Query operation for Jog logs (Only Internet Fax transmission own job log) by the U.FAXOPERATOR.
- Query operation for own print log, scan log, and Internet Fax transmission log by the U.NORMAL.

Management of Built-in Administrator Account's Password:

• Modification and Export operations for own User Password by the U.ADMINISTRATOR (Built-in Administrator Account).

Management of Allocation Role and Permission Role:

- Modification operation for the Allocation Role by the U.ADMINISTRATOR or U.ACCOUNTMANAGER.
- Modification operation for the Permission Role by the U.ADMINISTRATOR or U.ACCOUNTMANAGER.
- Modification operation for the ACL information by the U.ADMINISTRATOR or U.ACCOUNTMANAGER.

Management of time stamp setting:

· Modification operation for Date and Time Information by the U.ADMINISTRATOR.

Management of the User ID:

• Modification operation for the User ID by the U.ADMINISTRATOR or U.ACCOUNTMANAGER.



Management of User Password:

- Modification and Export operations for User Passwords for the U.ACCOUNTMANAGER, U.NORMAL, U.AUDITOR, U.FAXOPERATOR, and U.ADMINISTRATOR by the U.ADMINISTRATOR and U.ACCOUNTMANAGER.
- Modification operation for own User Password by the U.NORMAL.
- Modification operation for own User Password by the U.AUDITOR.
- Modification operation for own User Password by the U.FAXOPERATOR.

Management of user authentication failure handling:

- Modification operation for Allowable number of entry for Login Password by the U.ADMINISTRATOR.
- Modification operation for Lockout Time by the U.ADMINISTRATOR.
- Clear operation for Locked-out Account Status by the U.ADMINISTRATOR or U.ACCOUNTMANAGER.

Management of user password policy:

• Modification operation for the User Password policy Information by the U.ADMINISTRATOR.

Specification of the default time of user inactivity after which termination of the interactive session occurs:
Modification operation for Auto Logout Time by the U.ADMINISTRATOR.

Management of Network settings:

• Enable/Disable operation for the Secure Channel by the U.ADMINISTRATOR.

FMT\_MSA.1(a) is realized using the following:

- The TOE denies any operation regarding the User ID as the Object attribute.
- The TOE permits U.NORMAL and U.ADMINISTRATOR to delete and modify the e-Filing Box Password as the object attribute.
- The TOE permits U.ADMINISTRATOR and U.ACCOUNTMANAGER to modify the User ID as the subject attribute.
- The TOE permits U.ADMINISTRATOR and U.ACCOUNTMANAGER to delete and modify the Role as the subject attribute.

FMT\_MSA.1(b) is realized using the following:

The TOE permits U.ADMINISTRATOR and U.ACCOUNTMANAGER to modify the Allocation Role which is the subject object attribute and Permission Role which is the object security attribute.

FMT\_MSA.3(a) is realized using the following:

The TOE performs access control to give the default value of the security attribute when D.DOC or D.FUNC which is related to +CPY, +PRT, +SCN, and +DSR is created as shown in Table 30. The TOE does not provide a function to specify the alternative initial value which overwrites the default value when these objects are created.

FMT MSA.3(b) is realized using the following:

The TOE performs access control to give the default value of the security attribute when CPY, PRT, SCN, and DSR functions are created as shown in Table 31. The TOE does not provide a function to specify the alternative initial value which overwrites the default value when these functions are created.



### Annex - Acronyms

Acronym	Definition
AES	Advanced Encryption Standard
CC	Common Criteria for Information Technology Security Evaluation
CEM	Common Evaluation Methodology for Information Technology Security
DoD	United States Department of Defense
EAL	Evaluation Assurance Level
HDD	Hard Disk Drive
PP	Protection Profile
SAR	Security Assurance Requirement
SFP	Security Function Policy
SFR	Security Functional Requirement
SMTP	Simple Mail Transfer Protocol
SSL	Secure Socket Layer
ST	Security Target
TOE	Target of Evaluation
TSF	TOE Security Functionality
TSP	TOE Security Policy

#### Table 55List of Acronyms