**Reporting Status of Vulnerability-related Information for Software Products, etc.**  
- 2nd Quarter of 2006 (April – June) -

Information-Technology Promotion Agency (IPA) and JPCERT Coordination Center (JPCERT/CC), a limited intermediate corporation, have initiated to handle vulnerability-related information from July, 2004 based on the announcement “Standard for Handling Vulnerability-related Information for Software Products, etc. (#235, Announcement of METI, 2004) by the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry (hereinafter refers to METI).

Based on the announcement, IPA is accepting reports for following vulnerability-related information:

1. **Vulnerability-related Information for Software Products:**
   Vulnerabilities against software on clients such as on OSs and/or on browsers, software on servers such as Web servers, software embedded hardware such as IC cards, etc. Other than the information for vulnerability itself, information for verification method, attacking method and method for workaround are also accepted. IPA will notify such vulnerability-related information to JPCERT/CC and JPCERT/CC will communicate such information to concerned organizations such as vendors, etc. in domestic.

2. **Vulnerability-related Information for Web Applications:**
   Vulnerabilities against systems which configure services unique to that site provided for public through the Internet Web sites, etc. IPA will notice such vulnerability-related information to Website managers and to prompt its modification.

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**Effect Expected:**
1. Promote countermeasures against vulnerabilities by vendors and Website managers.
2. Restrain carelessly publicizing vulnerability related information and leaving vulnerability as they are.
3. Protect from leaking important information, i.e., private information and/or from halting important systems.

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**“Information Security Early Warning Partnership” (Framework for Handling Vulnerability-related Information)**

Source: Material for explanatory meeting for handling vulnerability-related information (General explanation for handling standard for vulnerability-related information in software and its guidelines) by the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry
Based on the framework for the vulnerability-related information described in advance, reporting status for the 2nd Quarter of 2006 (April to June) is summarized as follows.

1. Reported Number and Handling Status of Reports:
The reported number in relation to vulnerability-related information reported to IPA from April 1 to June 30, 2006 was 141: of 84 was for vulnerability-related software products and the rest of 57 was for vulnerability-related Web applications. The cumulative reported number from the initiation of acceptance of reporting (July 8, 2004) was 821: of 257 was for vulnerability-related software products and the rest of 564 was for vulnerability-related Web applications. The Chart 1-1 shows the reporting status for respective quarters.

Chart 1-1: Quarterly Reported Number for Vulnerability-related Information

The Chart 1-2 shows the processing status of reports for the vulnerability-related information as of the End of June, 2006. As for software products, of 41% (89) of the reports being accepted as vulnerabilities (215) are modified and publicized. As for Web applications, of 56% (297) of the reports being accepted as vulnerabilities (526) are modified and publicized.

Chart 1-2: Processing Status of Reporting for Vulnerability-related Information
(As of the End of June, 2006)
2. Handling of Vulnerability-related Information for Software Products and its Coordination:

The Chart 2-1 and 2-2 show the breakdown for the reports related to the vulnerabilities in software products reported to IPA for the dates from initial acceptance to the End of June, 2006. Reports related OSS (Open Source Software) were being increased from the 3rd Quarter of 2005. The most significant reporting was for Web browsers and the reporting for Web application software was subsequently followed.

Chart 2-1: Breakdown of Vulnerabilities in Software Products
(for the dates from Initial Acceptance to the End of June, 2006)

There were 84 vulnerability reports for software products in this Quarter which marked the largest number we have ever had. Exclusively, there were 57 reports in relation to Open Source Software (OSS) which was significantly increased from the previous Quarter.

Chart 2-2: Breakdown for Classification for the Vulnerabilities in Software Products
(for the dates from initial acceptance to the End of June, 2006)

The Chart 2-3 shows the dates required for the announcement of vulnerabilities in software products. About 48% of reports were addressed within 45 days from its initial reporting and announced.

Chart 2-3: Dates Required for the Announcement of Vulnerabilities in Software Products
In this Quarter, 22 vulnerabilities were being modified. Of 12 were for OSS related modifications.

3. Handling of Vulnerability-related Information for Web Applications:

The total reports as information related vulnerabilities in Web applications reported to IPA were 564: of 526 information related vulnerabilities in Web applications being reported from its initial acceptance to the end of the 2nd Quarter of 2006 excluding those not being accepted as they were not vulnerabilities is shown in the Chart 3-1.

In the type of vulnerabilities, the largest reporting was for "cross-site scripting" and "SQL Injection" subsequently follows. Most of all reports for "SQL Injection" were due to the detection of such pages which displaying error messages of database. Up to current, 77 cases had been addressed: of 47 cases was that "there was a problem about SQL Injection actually and was modified" so reported, the rest of 30 cases was that an error message had been displayed but could not insert SQL command actually: and are reported that there was not any problem about SQL Injection.
The Chart 3-3 and 3-4 show dates required to modify vulnerabilities by type after notified detailed information of the vulnerabilities to Website managers. Of 80% of vulnerabilities reported against entire vulnerabilities reported were modified within 90 days.

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